



**ALPHA & OMEGA**  
SEMICONDUCTOR



**AO4418**

**N-Channel Enhancement Mode Field Effect Transistor**

### General Description

The AO4418 uses advanced trench technology to provide excellent  $R_{DS(ON)}$  and low gate charge. This device is suitable for use as a load switch or in PWM applications.

*Standard Product AO4418 is Pb-free (meets ROHS & Sony 259 specifications).*

### Features

$V_{DS} (V) = 30V$

$I_D = 11.5A (V_{GS} = 20V)$

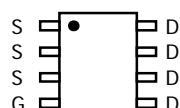
$R_{DS(ON)} < 14m\Omega (V_{GS} = 20V)$

$R_{DS(ON)} < 17m\Omega (V_{GS} = 10V)$

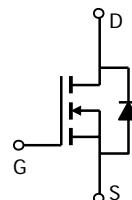
$R_{DS(ON)} < 40m\Omega (V_{GS} = 4.5V)$

**UIS TESTED!**

*Rg, Ciss, Coss, Crss Tested*



**SOIC-8**



### Absolute Maximum Ratings $T_A=25^\circ C$ unless otherwise noted

Parameter	Symbol	Maximum	Units
Drain-Source Voltage	$V_{DS}$	30	V
Gate-Source Voltage	$V_{GS}$	$\pm 25$	V
Continuous Drain Current <sup>AF</sup>	$I_D$	11.5	A
$T_A=70^\circ C$		9.7	
Pulsed Drain Current <sup>B</sup>	$I_{DM}$	40	
Power Dissipation	$P_D$	3	W
$T_A=70^\circ C$		2.1	
Avalanche Current <sup>B</sup>	$I_{AR}$	20	A
Repetitive avalanche energy 0.3mH <sup>B</sup>	$E_{AR}$	60	mJ
Junction and Storage Temperature Range	$T_J, T_{STG}$	-55 to 150	°C

### Thermal Characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Typ	Max	Units
Maximum Junction-to-Ambient <sup>AF</sup>	$R_{\theta JA}$	31	40	°C/W
Maximum Junction-to-Ambient <sup>A</sup>		59	75	°C/W
Maximum Junction-to-Lead <sup>C</sup>	$R_{\theta JL}$	16	24	°C/W

**Electrical Characteristics ( $T_J=25^\circ\text{C}$  unless otherwise noted)**

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units
<b>STATIC PARAMETERS</b>						
$\text{BV}_{\text{DSS}}$	Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage	$I_D=250\mu\text{A}, V_{GS}=0\text{V}$	30			V
$I_{DSS}$	Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	$V_{DS}=30\text{V}, V_{GS}=0\text{V}$ $T_J=55^\circ\text{C}$		1		$\mu\text{A}$
				5		
$I_{GSS}$	Gate-Body leakage current	$V_{DS}=0\text{V}, V_{GS} = \pm 25\text{V}$			100	nA
$V_{GS(\text{th})}$	Gate Threshold Voltage	$V_{DS}=V_{GS}, I_D=250\mu\text{A}$	1.5	2.4	3	V
$I_{D(\text{ON})}$	On state drain current	$V_{GS}=10\text{V}, V_{DS}=5\text{V}$	40			A
$R_{DS(\text{ON})}$	Static Drain-Source On-Resistance	$V_{GS}=20\text{V}, I_D=11.5\text{A}$ $T_J=125^\circ\text{C}$		9.8	14	$\text{m}\Omega$
		$V_{GS}=10\text{V}, I_D=10\text{A}$		14.2	18	
		$V_{GS}=4.5\text{V}, I_D=5\text{A}$		12.3	17	
$g_{FS}$	Forward Transconductance	$V_{DS}=5\text{V}, I_D=10\text{A}$	14	22		S
$V_{SD}$	Diode Forward Voltage	$I_S=1\text{A}, V_{GS}=0\text{V}$		0.76	1	V
$I_S$	Maximum Body-Diode Continuous Current				4.3	A
<b>DYNAMIC PARAMETERS</b>						
$C_{iss}$	Input Capacitance	$V_{GS}=0\text{V}, V_{DS}=15\text{V}, f=1\text{MHz}$		758	910	pF
$C_{oss}$	Output Capacitance			180		pF
$C_{rss}$	Reverse Transfer Capacitance			128	180	pF
$R_g$	Gate resistance	$V_{GS}=0\text{V}, V_{DS}=0\text{V}, f=1\text{MHz}$	0.3	0.7	1.1	$\Omega$
<b>SWITCHING PARAMETERS</b>						
$Q_g(10\text{V})$	Total Gate Charge	$V_{GS}=10\text{V}, V_{DS}=15\text{V}, I_D=11.5\text{A}$		16.6	20	nC
$Q_g(4.5\text{V})$	Total Gate Charge			8.6		nC
$Q_{gs}$	Gate Source Charge			2.5		nC
$Q_{gd}$	Gate Drain Charge			4.9		nC
$t_{D(\text{on})}$	Turn-On Delay Time	$V_{GS}=10\text{V}, V_{DS}=15\text{V}, R_L=1.3\Omega, R_{\text{GEN}}=3\Omega$		5.4		ns
$t_r$	Turn-On Rise Time			5.1		ns
$t_{D(\text{off})}$	Turn-Off Delay Time			14.4		ns
$t_f$	Turn-Off Fall Time			3.7		ns
$t_{rr}$	Body Diode Reverse Recovery Time	$I_F=11.5\text{A}, dI/dt=100\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$		16.9	22	ns
$Q_{rr}$	Body Diode Reverse Recovery Charge	$I_F=11.5\text{A}, dI/dt=100\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$		6.6		nC

A: The value of  $R_{0JA}$  is measured with the device mounted on 1 in<sup>2</sup> FR-4 board with 2oz. Copper, in a still air environment with  $T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$ . The value in any given application depends on the user's specific board design.

B: Repetitive rating, pulse width limited by junction temperature.

C. The  $R_{0JA}$  is the sum of the thermal impedance from junction to lead  $R_{0JL}$  and lead to ambient.

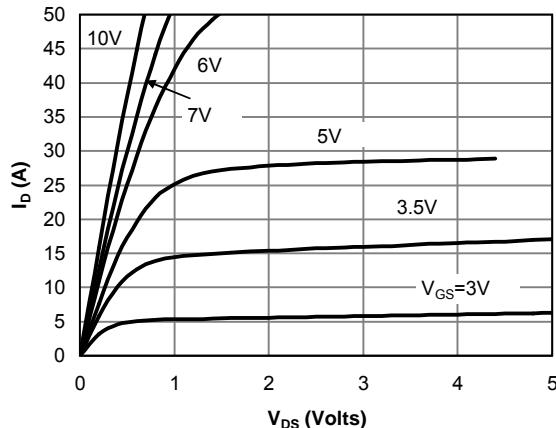
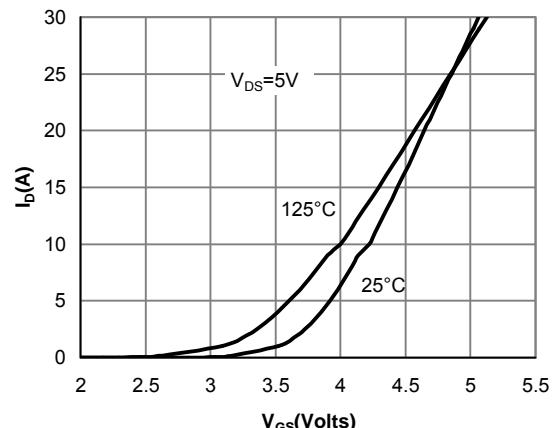
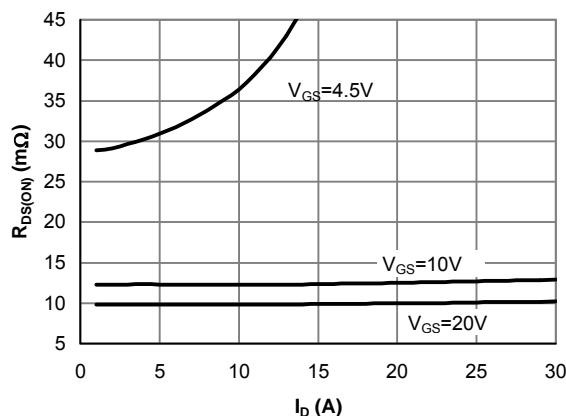
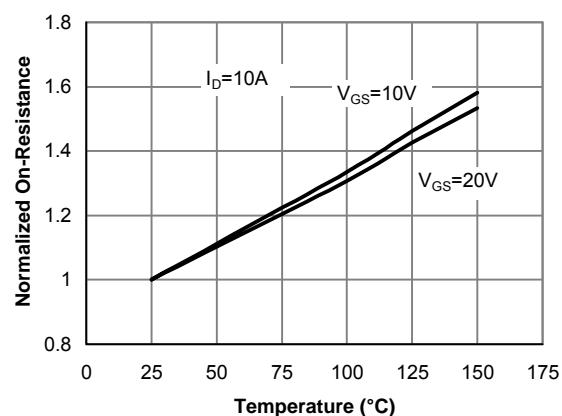
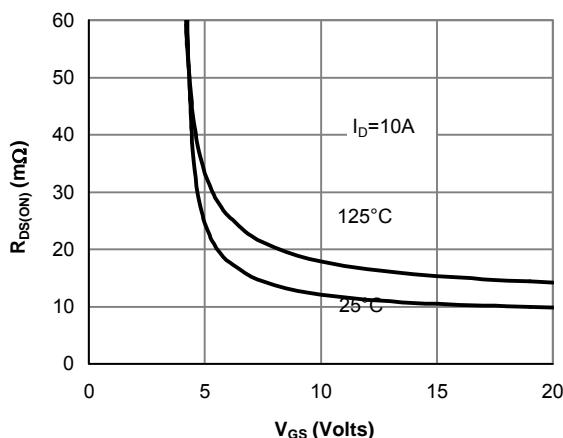
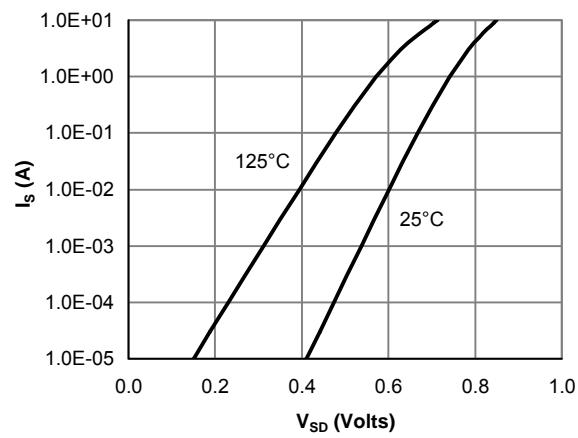
D. The static characteristics in Figures 1 to 6 are obtained using <300 $\mu\text{s}$  pulses, duty cycle 0.5% max.

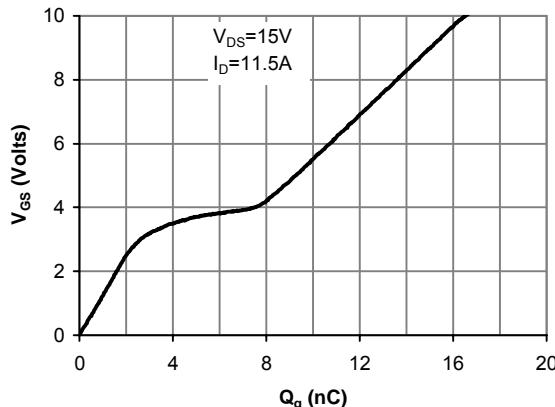
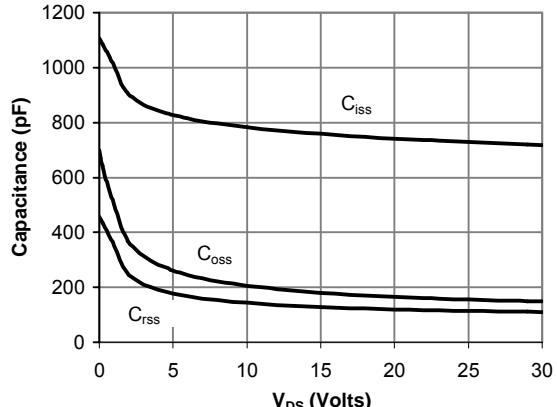
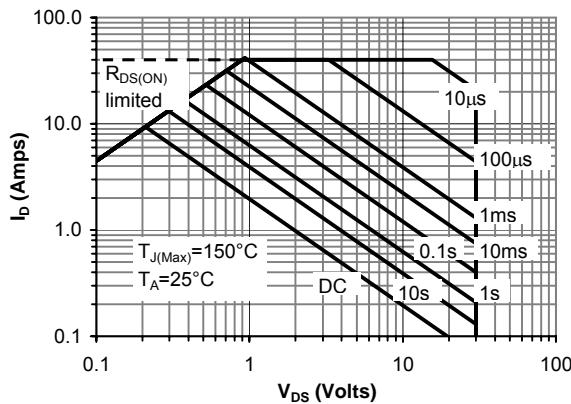
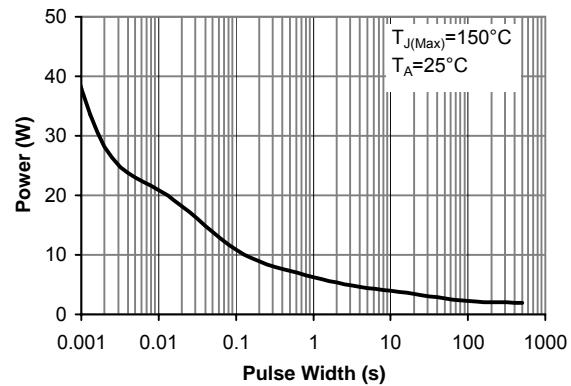
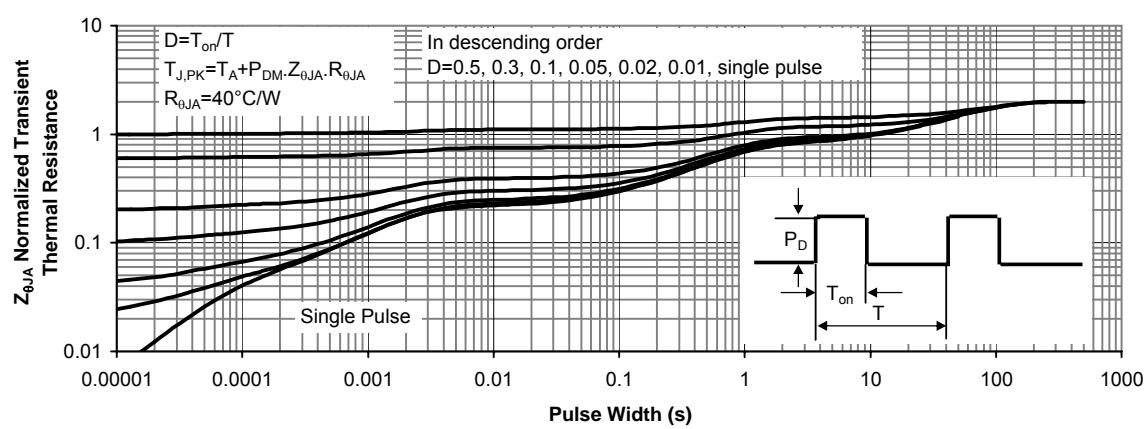
E. These tests are performed with the device mounted on 1 in<sup>2</sup> FR-4 board with 2oz. Copper, in a still air environment with  $T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$ . The SOA curve provides a single pulse rating.

F. The current rating is based on the  $t \leq 10\text{s}$  thermal resistance rating.

Rev 6: July 2007

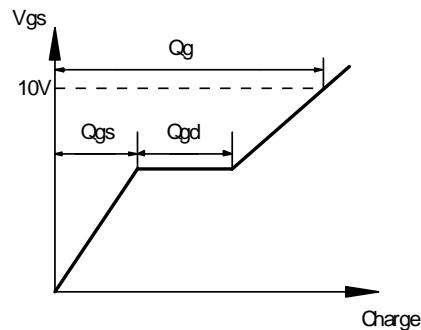
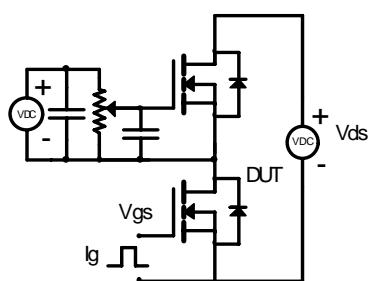
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**TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS**

**Fig 1: On-Region Characteristics**

**Figure 2: Transfer Characteristics**

**Figure 3: On-Resistance vs. Drain Current and Gate Voltage**

**Figure 4: On-Resistance vs. Junction Temperature**

**Figure 5: On-Resistance vs. Gate-Source Voltage**

**Figure 6: Body-Diode Characteristics**

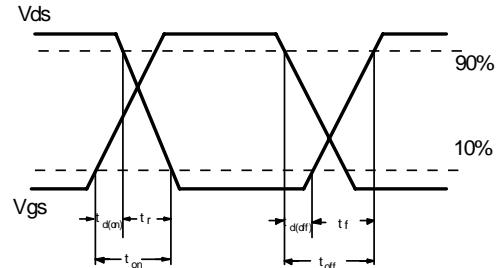
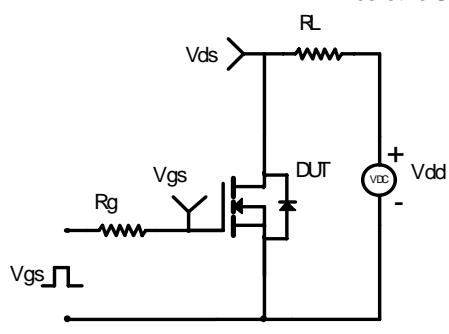
**TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS**

**Figure 7: Gate-Charge Characteristics**

**Figure 8: Capacitance Characteristics**

**Figure 9: Maximum Forward Biased Safe Operating Area (Note E)**

**Figure 10: Single Pulse Power Rating Junction-to-Ambient (Note E)**

**Figure 11: Normalized Maximum Transient Thermal Impedance**



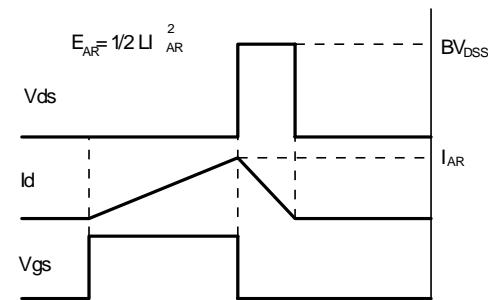
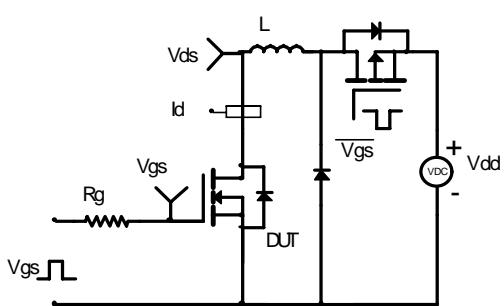
Gate Charge Test Circuit & Waveform



Resistive Switching Test Circuit & Waveforms



Unclamped Inductive Switching (UIS) Test Circuit & Waveforms



Diode Recovery Test Circuit & Waveforms

