



ALPHA & OMEGA
SEMICONDUCTOR

AOT428

N-Channel Enhancement Mode Field Effect Transistor



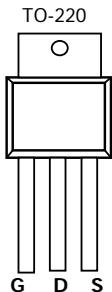
General Description

The AOT428 uses advanced trench technology and design to provide excellent $R_{DS(ON)}$ with low gate charge. This device is suitable for use in PWM, load switching and general purpose applications.

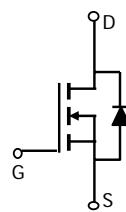
Standard Product AOT428 is Pb-free (meets ROHS & Sony 259 specifications). AOT428L is a Green Product ordering option. AOT428 and AOT428L are electrically identical.

Features

$V_{DS} (V) = 75V$
 $I_D = 80A$ ($V_{GS} = 10V$)
 $R_{DS(ON)} < 11 m\Omega$ ($V_{GS} = 10V$)



Top View
Drain Connected
to Tab



Absolute Maximum Ratings $T_A=25^\circ C$ unless otherwise noted

Parameter	Symbol	Maximum	Units
Drain-Source Voltage	V_{DS}	75	V
Gate-Source Voltage	V_{GS}	± 30	V
Continuous Drain Current ^G	I_D	80	A
$T_C=100^\circ C$		57	
Pulsed Drain Current ^C	I_{DM}	300	
Avalanche Current ^C	I_{AR}	60	A
Repetitive avalanche energy $L=0.1mH$ ^C	E_{AR}	180	mJ
Power Dissipation ^B	P_D	115	W
$T_C=100^\circ C$		58	
Junction and Storage Temperature Range	T_J, T_{STG}	-55 to 175	°C

Thermal Characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Typ	Max	Units
Maximum Junction-to-Ambient ^A	Steady-State	$R_{\theta JA}$	60	°C/W
Maximum Junction-to-Case ^B	Steady-State	$R_{\theta JC}$	0.7	°C/W

Electrical Characteristics ($T_J=25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units
STATIC PARAMETERS						
BV_{DSS}	Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage	$I_D=250\mu\text{A}, V_{GS}=0\text{V}$	75			V
I_{DSS}	Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	$V_{DS}=60\text{V}, V_{GS}=0\text{V}$	0.02	1	5	μA
I_{GSS}	Gate-Body leakage current	$V_{DS}=0\text{V}, V_{GS}=\pm 30\text{V}$			100	nA
$V_{\text{GS(th)}}$	Gate Threshold Voltage	$V_{DS}=V_{GS}, I_D=250\mu\text{A}$	2	3.4	4.5	V
$I_{\text{D(ON)}}$	On state drain current	$V_{GS}=10\text{V}, V_{DS}=5\text{V}$	200			A
$R_{\text{DS(ON)}}$	Static Drain-Source On-Resistance	$V_{GS}=10\text{V}, I_D=30\text{A}$	9.1	11	20	$\text{m}\Omega$
g_{FS}	Forward Transconductance	$V_{DS}=5\text{V}, I_D=30\text{A}$		100		S
V_{SD}	Diode Forward Voltage	$I_S=1\text{A}, V_{GS}=0\text{V}$		0.7	1	V
I_S	Maximum Body-Diode Continuous Current				55	A
DYNAMIC PARAMETERS						
C_{iss}	Input Capacitance	$V_{GS}=0\text{V}, V_{DS}=30\text{V}, f=1\text{MHz}$		3790	4900	pF
C_{oss}	Output Capacitance			321	420	pF
C_{rss}	Reverse Transfer Capacitance			222	290	pF
R_g	Gate resistance	$V_{GS}=0\text{V}, V_{DS}=0\text{V}, f=1\text{MHz}$		1.25	1.5	Ω
SWITCHING PARAMETERS						
$Q_g(10\text{V})$	Total Gate Charge	$V_{GS}=10\text{V}, V_{DS}=30\text{V}, I_D=30\text{A}$		65	85	nC
Q_{gs}	Gate Source Charge			23	30	nC
Q_{gd}	Gate Drain Charge			23.5	31	nC
$t_{\text{D(on)}}$	Turn-On Delay Time	$V_{GS}=10\text{V}, V_{DS}=30\text{V}, R_L=1\Omega, R_{\text{GEN}}=3\Omega$		20	26	ns
t_r	Turn-On Rise Time			48	63	ns
$t_{\text{D(off)}}$	Turn-Off Delay Time			30	40	ns
t_f	Turn-Off Fall Time			10	13	ns
t_{rr}	Body Diode Reverse Recovery Time	$I_F=30\text{A}, dI/dt=100\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$		43	56	ns
Q_{rr}	Body Diode Reverse Recovery Charge	$I_F=30\text{A}, dI/dt=100\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$		88	114	nC

A: The value of R_{JJA} is measured with the device in a still air environment with $T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$.

B. The power dissipation P_D is based on $T_{J(\text{MAX})}=175^\circ\text{C}$, using junction-to-case thermal resistance, and is more useful in setting the upper dissipation limit for cases where additional heatsinking is used.

C: Repetitive rating, pulse width limited by junction temperature $T_{J(\text{MAX})}=175^\circ\text{C}$.

D. The R_{JJA} is the sum of the thermal impedance from junction to case R_{JJC} and case to ambient.

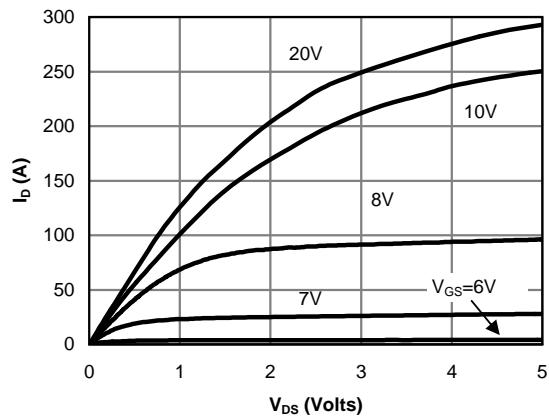
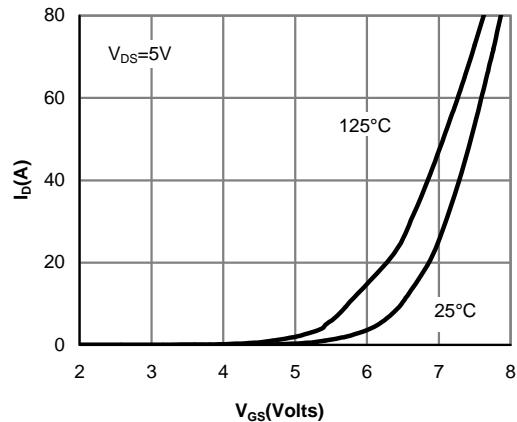
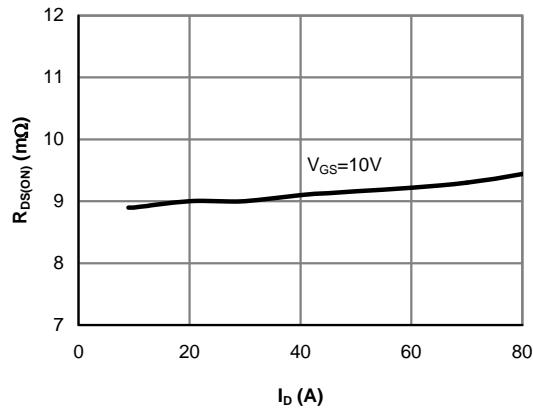
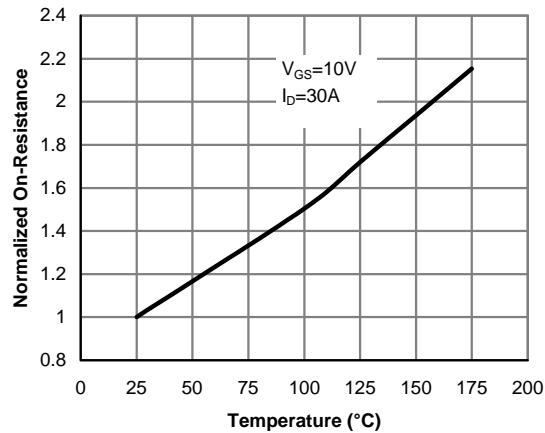
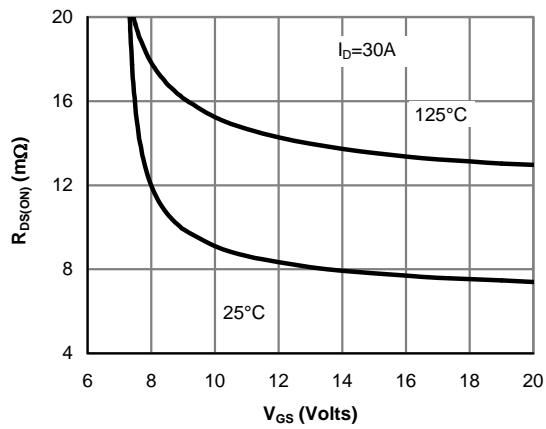
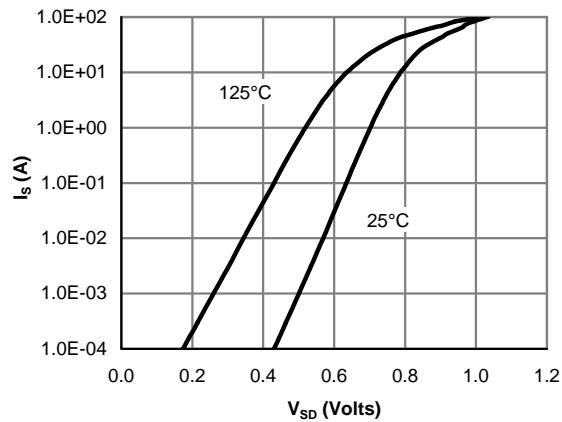
E. The static characteristics in Figures 1 to 6 are obtained using $<300\ \mu\text{s}$ pulses, duty cycle 0.5% max.

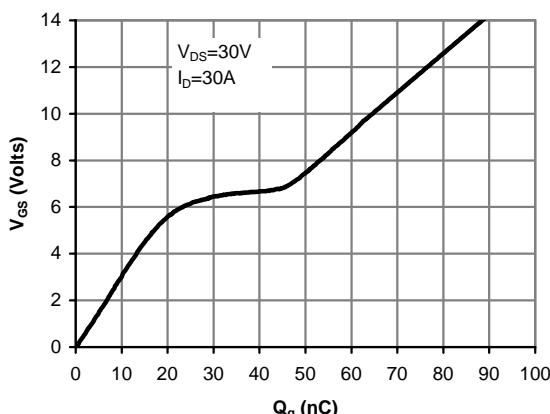
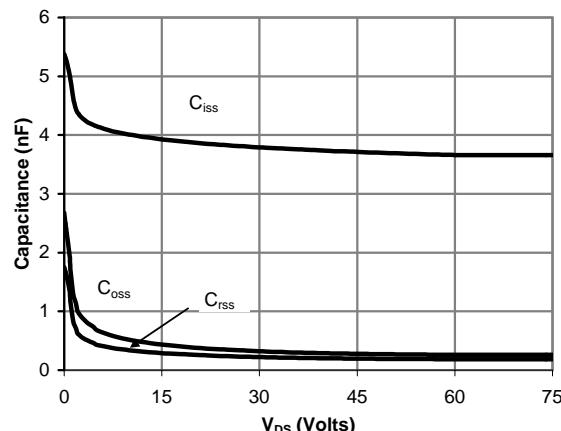
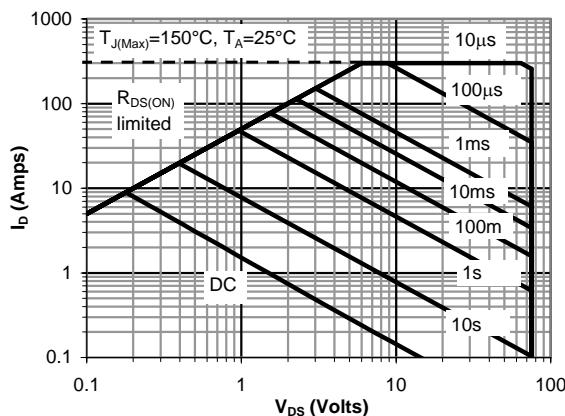
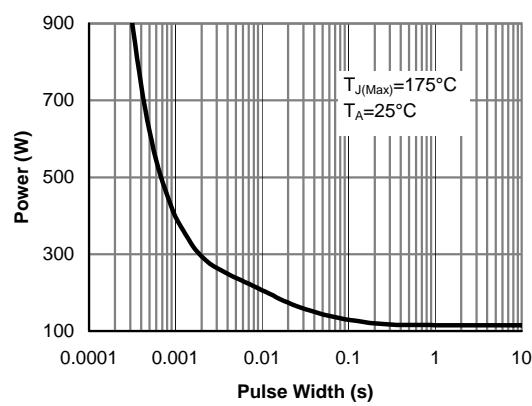
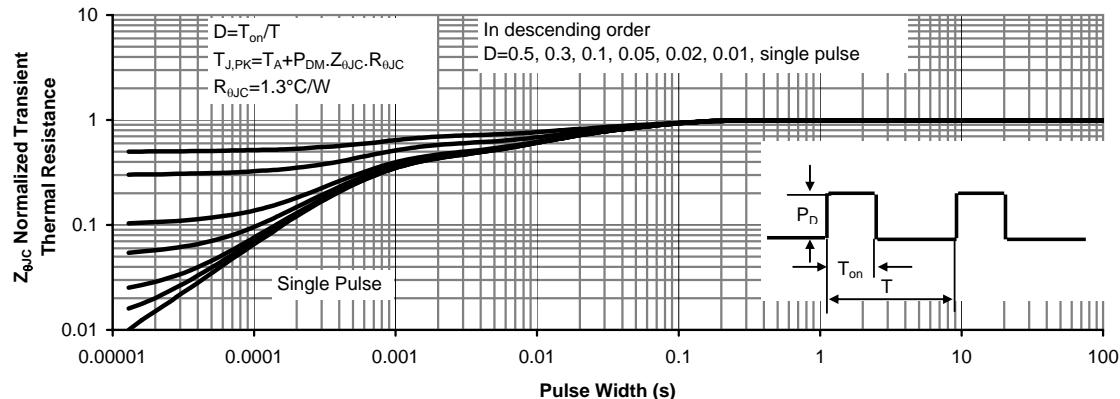
F. These curves are based on the junction-to-case thermal impedance which is measured with the device mounted to a large heatsink, assuming a maximum junction temperature of $T_{J(\text{MAX})}=175^\circ\text{C}$.

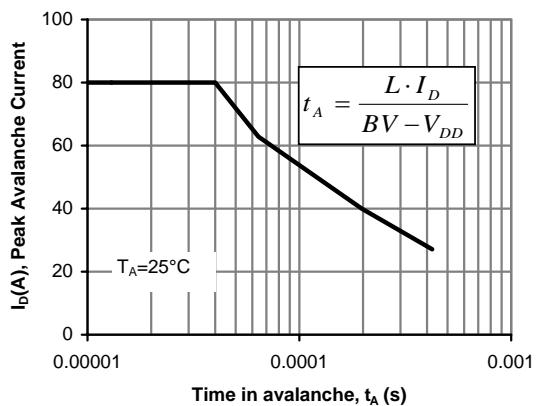
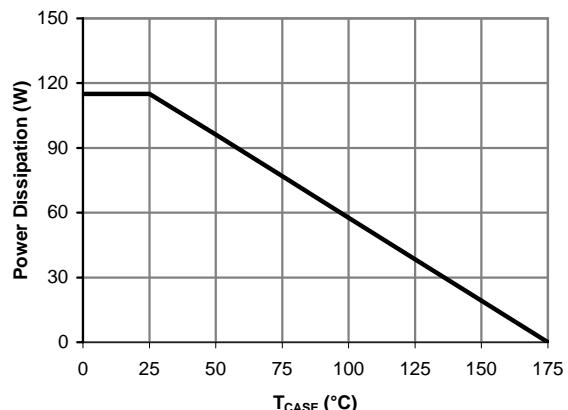
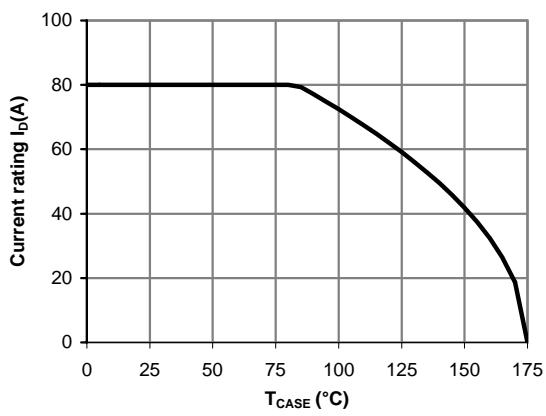
G. The maximum current rating is limited by bond-wires.

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TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS

Fig 1: On-Region Characteristics

Figure 2: Transfer Characteristics

Figure 3: On-Resistance vs. Drain Current and Gate Voltage

Figure 4: On-Resistance vs. Junction Temperature

Figure 5: On-Resistance vs. Gate-Source Voltage

Figure 6: Body-Diode Characteristics

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS

Figure 7: Gate-Charge Characteristics

Figure 8: Capacitance Characteristics

Figure 9: Maximum Forward Biased Safe Operating Area (Note E)

Figure 10: Single Pulse Power Rating Junction-to-Case (Note F)

Figure 11: Normalized Maximum Transient Thermal Impedance (Note F)

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS

Figure 12: Single Pulse Avalanche capability

Figure 13: Power De-rating (Note B)

Figure 14: Current De-rating (Note B)