

## Features

- Proprietary  $\alpha$ SiC Schottky Barrier Diode technology
- Negligible reverse recovery current
- Maximum operating junction temperature of 175°C
- Improved switching losses vs. Si bipolar diodes
- Positive temperature coefficient for ease of paralleling

## Product Summary (Per Leg)

$V_{DC} @ T_{J,max}$	1200 V
$I_F$	20 A
$Q_C$	122 nC
$T_{J,max}$	175°C

## Applications

### Renewable

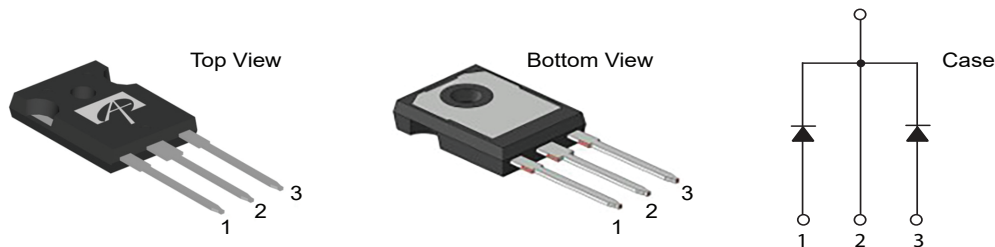
- EV Charger
- Solar Inverters

### Industrial

- UPS
- SMPS
- Motor Drives



## Pin Configuration



Ordering Part Number	Package Type	Form	Shipping Quantity
AOK40120XSD	TO-247-3L	Tube	30/Tube

## Absolute Maximum Ratings

( $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ , unless otherwise noted)

Symbol	Parameter	AOK40120XSD	Units
$V_{RRM}$	Repetitive Peak Reverse Voltage	1200	V
$V_R$	DC Peak Reverse Voltage	1200	V
$I_F$	Continuous Forward Current (Per Leg/Device)	$T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$	60/120
		$T_C = 150^\circ\text{C}$	20/40
$I_{FSM}$ at 10 ms	Non-Repetitive Forward Surge Current (Per Leg)	85	A
$I_{F,MAX}$ at 10 $\mu$ s	Non-Repetitive Peak Forward Surge Current (Per Leg)	535	A
$P_{TOT}$	Power Dissipation <sup>(A)</sup> (Per Leg)	$T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$	250
		$T_C = 150^\circ\text{C}$	41
$\int i^2 dt$	$i^2 t$ value (Per Leg, $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$ , 10 ms)	36	A <sup>2</sup> s
$T_J, T_{STG}$	Junction and Storage Temperature Range	-55 to 175	°C
$T_L$	Maximum lead temperature for soldering purpose, 1/8" from case for 5 s	300	°C

## Thermal Characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	AOK40120XSD	Units
$R_{\theta JC}$	Maximum Junction-to-Case <sup>(B)</sup> (Per Leg/Device)	0.6/0.3	°C/W

## Electrical Characteristics

(Per Leg,  $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$  unless otherwise noted)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units	
<b>STATIC PARAMETERS</b>							
$V_{DC}$	DC Blocking Voltage	$I_D = 250 \mu\text{A}$	$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$	1200		V	
$I_R$	Reverse Current	$V_R = 1200\text{V}$	$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$		10	100	$\mu\text{A}$
			$T_J = 175^\circ\text{C}$		185		$\mu\text{A}$
$V_F$	Diode Forward Voltage	$I_F = 20\text{A}$	$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$		1.45	1.8	V
			$T_J = 175^\circ\text{C}$		1.95		V
<b>DYNAMIC PARAMETERS</b>							
C	Total Capacitance	f = 1 MHz	$V_R = 1\text{V}$		1460		pF
			$V_R = 400\text{V}$		103		pF
			$V_R = 800\text{V}$		77		pF
$Q_C$	Total Capacitance Charge	$V_R = 800\text{V}$ , $Q_C = \int C(V)dV$			122	nC	
$E_C$	Capacitance Stored Energy	$V_R = 800\text{V}$ , f = 1 MHz			42	$\mu\text{J}$	

### Notes:

- The power dissipation  $P_D$  is based on  $T_{J(\text{MAX})} = 175^\circ\text{C}$ , using junction-to-case thermal resistance, and is more useful in setting the upper dissipation limit for cases where additional heatsinking is used.
- The value of  $R_{\theta JC}$  is measured with the device mounted to a large heatsink, assuming a maximum junction temperature of  $T_{J(\text{MAX})} = 175^\circ\text{C}$ .
- These curves are based on  $R_{\theta JC}$  which is measured with the device mounted to a large heatsink, assuming a maximum junction temperature of  $T_{J(\text{MAX})} = 175^\circ\text{C}$ .

## Typical Electrical and Thermal Characteristics

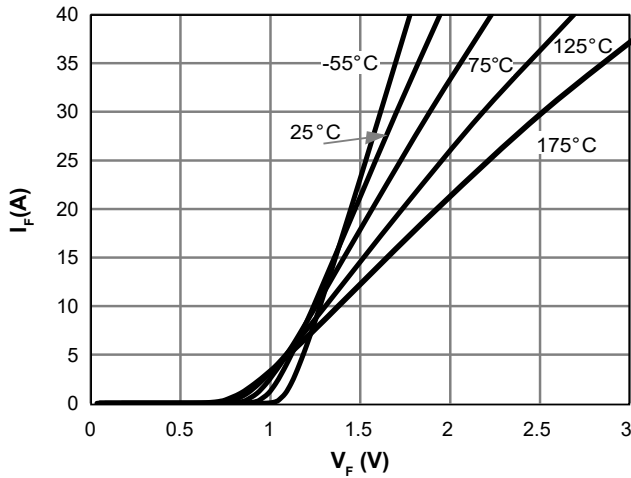


Figure 1. Forward Characteristics

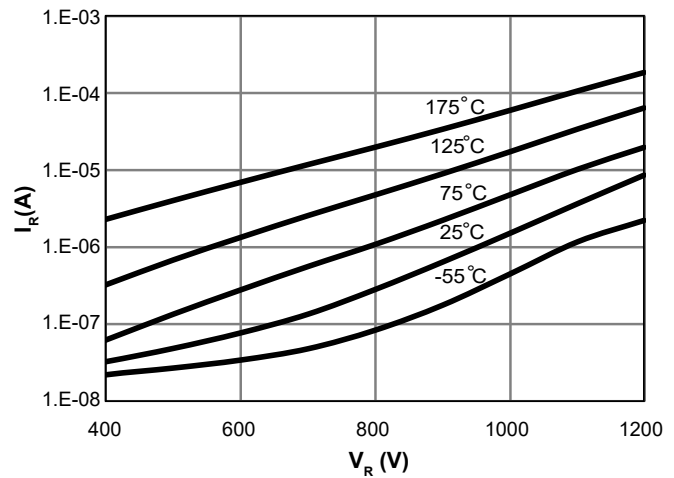


Figure 2. Reverse Characteristics

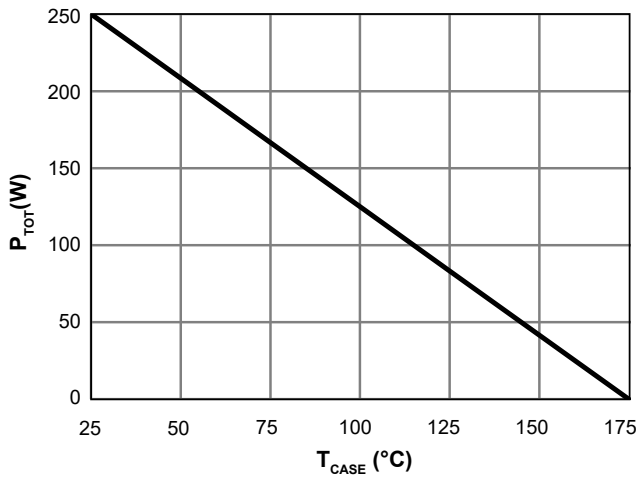


Figure 3. Power De-rating (Note C)

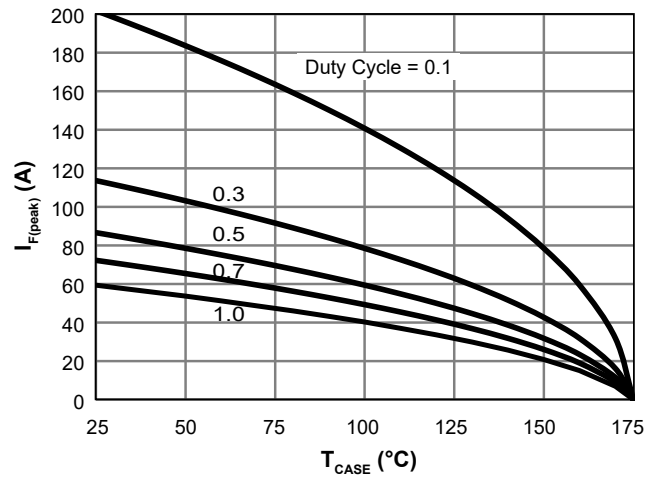


Figure 4. Current De-rating (Note C)

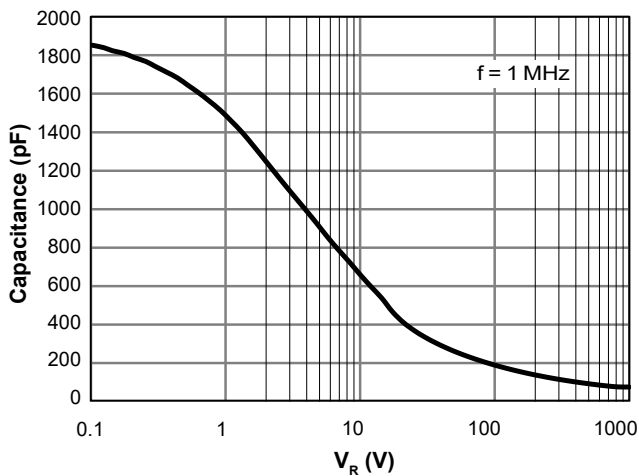


Figure 5. Capacitance Characteristics

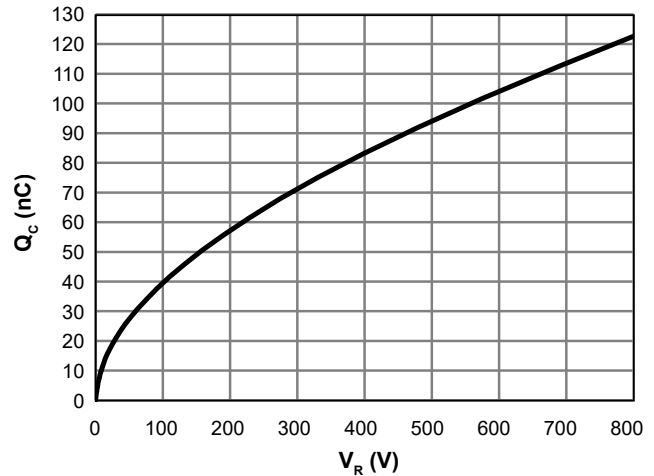


Figure 6. Total Capacitance Charge vs. Reverse Voltage

## Typical Electrical and Thermal Characteristics

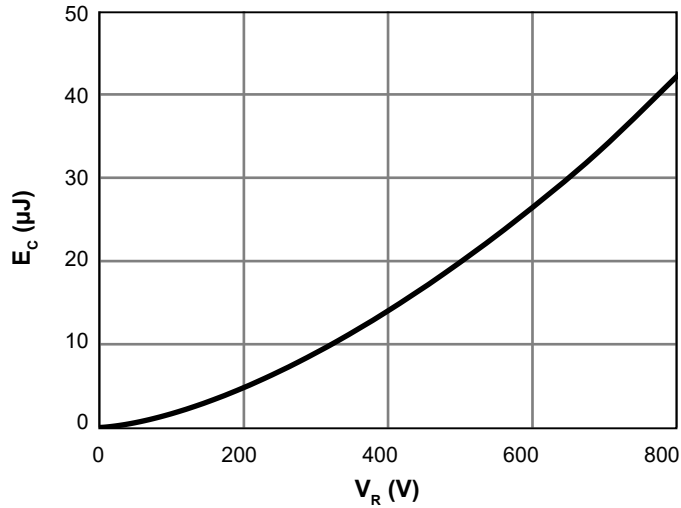


Figure 7. Total Capacitance Stored Energy vs. Reverse Voltage

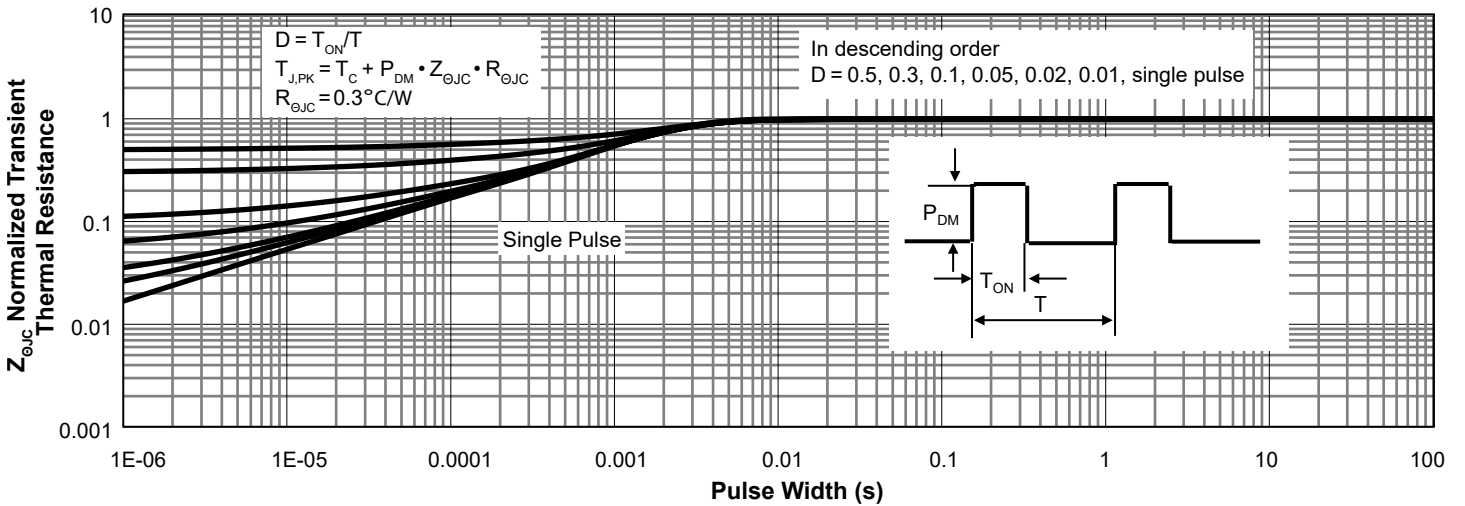
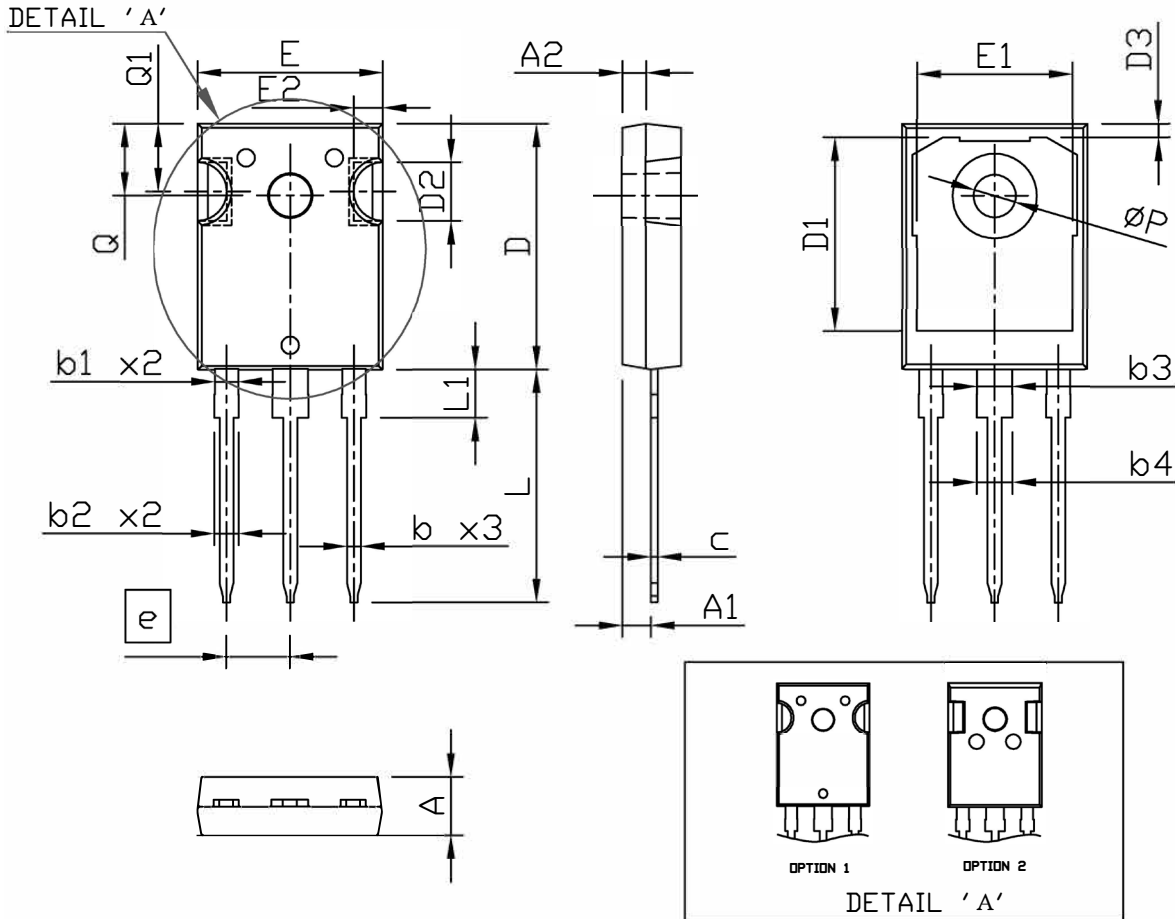
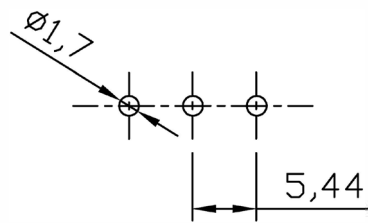


Figure 8. Normalized Maximum Transient Thermal Impedance for AOK40120XSD (Note C)

Package Dimensions, TO-247-3L



RECOMMENDED LAND PATTERN



UNIT: mm

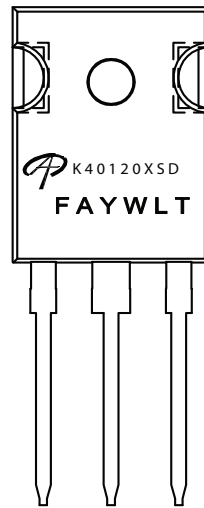
SYMBOLS	DIMENSIONS IN MILLIMETERS			DIMENSIONS IN INCHES		
	MIN	NOM	MAX	MIN	NOM	MAX
A	4.90	5.00	5.10	0.193	0.197	0.201
A1	2.31	2.42	2.52	0.091	0.095	0.099
A2	1.90	2.00	2.10	0.075	0.079	0.083
b	1.16	1.22	1.27	0.046	0.048	0.050
b1	1.96	2.02	2.07	0.078	0.080	0.081
b2	2.00	2.10	2.20	0.079	0.083	0.087
b3	2.96	3.02	3.07	0.117	0.119	0.121
b4	3.00	3.10	3.20	0.118	0.122	0.126
c	0.59	0.62	0.66	0.023	0.024	0.026
D	20.90	21.00	21.10	0.823	0.827	0.831
D1	16.25	16.55	16.85	0.640	0.652	0.663
D2	5.00 TYP			0.197 TYP		
D3	1.05	1.20	1.35	0.041	0.047	0.053
e	5.44 BSC			0.214 BSC		
E	15.70	15.80	15.90	0.618	0.622	0.626
E1	13.06	13.26	13.50	0.514	0.522	0.530
E2	2.50 TYP			0.098 TYP		
L	19.72	19.92	20.12	0.776	0.784	0.792
L1	---	---	4.30	---	---	0.169
Q	6.15 BSC			0.242 BSC		
Q1	5.60	5.80	6.00	0.220	0.228	0.236
ØP	3.55	3.60	3.70	0.140	0.142	0.146

NOTE

1. PACKAGE BODY SIZES EXCLUDE MOLD FLASH AND GATE BURRS.  
MOLD FLASH AT THE NON-LEAD SIDES SHOULD BE LESS THAN 6 MILS EACH.
2. CONTROLLING DIMENSION IS MILLIMETER.  
CONVERTED INCH DIMENSIONS ARE NOT NECESSARILY EXACT.

## Part Marking

**AOK40120XSD**  
**TO-247-3L**



## LEGAL DISCLAIMER

Applications or uses as critical components in life support devices or systems are not authorized. AOS does not assume any liability arising out of such applications or uses of its products. AOS reserves the right to make changes to product specifications without notice. It is the responsibility of the customer to evaluate suitability of the product for their intended application. Customer shall comply with applicable legal requirements, including all applicable export control rules, regulations and limitations.

AOS's products are provided subject to AOS' terms and conditions of sale which are set forth at:

[http://www.aosmd.com/terms\\_and\\_conditions\\_of\\_sale](http://www.aosmd.com/terms_and_conditions_of_sale)

## LIFE SUPPORT POLICY

ALPHA AND OMEGA SEMICONDUCTOR PRODUCTS ARE NOT AUTHORIZED FOR USE AS CRITICAL COMPONENTS IN LIFE SUPPORT DEVICES OR SYSTEMS.

As used herein:

1. Life support devices or systems are devices or systems which, (a) are intended for surgical implant into the body or (b) support or sustain life, and (c) whose failure to perform when properly used in accordance with instructions for use provided in the labeling, can be reasonably expected to result in a significant injury of the user.

2. A critical component in any component of a life support, device, or system whose failure to perform can be reasonably expected to cause the failure of the life support device or system, or to affect its safety or effectiveness.