ALPHA & OMEGA SEMICONDUCTOR

AON7296

100V N-Channel MOSFET

General Description

The AON7296 uses trench MOSFET technology that is uniquely optimized to provide the most efficient high frequency switching performance. Both conduction and switching power losses are minimized due to an extremely low combination of $R_{DS(ON)}$, Ciss and Coss. This device is ideal for boost converters and synchronous rectifiers for consumer, telecom, industrial power supplies and LED backlighting.

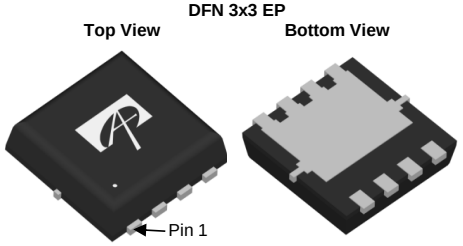
Product Summary

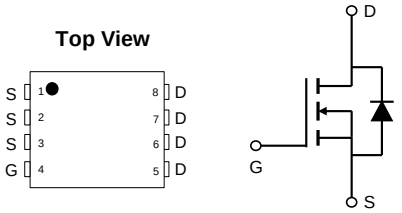
V_{DS}	100V
I_D (at V_{GS}=10V)	12.5A
$R_{DS(ON)}$ (at V_{GS}=10V)	< 66mΩ
$R_{DS(ON)}$ (at V_{GS}=4.5V)	< 90mΩ

100% UIS Tested
100% R_g Tested

Green Product

DFN 3x3 EP





Absolute Maximum Ratings T_A=25°C unless otherwise noted

Parameter		Symbol	Maximum	Units
Drain-Source Voltage		V_{DS}	100	V
Gate-Source Voltage		V_{GS}	±20	V
Continuous Drain Current	T_C=25°C	I_D	12.5	A
	T_C=100°C		8	
Pulsed Drain Current [C]		I_{DM}	25	
Continuous Drain Current	T_A=25°C	I_{DSM}	5	A
	T_A=70°C		4	
Avalanche Current [C]		I_{AS}	4	A
Avalanche energy L=0.1mH [C]		E_{AS}	0.8	mJ
Power Dissipation [B]	T_C=25°C	P_D	20.8	W
	T_C=100°C		8.3	
Power Dissipation [A]	T_A=25°C	P_{DSM}	3.1	W
	T_A=70°C		2	
Junction and Storage Temperature Range		T_J, T_{STG}	-55 to 150	°C

Thermal Characteristics

Parameter		Symbol	Typ	Max	Units
Maximum Junction-to-Ambient [A]	t ≤ 10s	$R_{\theta JA}$	30	40	°C/W
Maximum Junction-to-Ambient [A D]	Steady-State		60	75	°C/W
Maximum Junction-to-Case	Steady-State	$R_{\theta JC}$	5	6	°C/W

Electrical Characteristics (T_J=25°C unless otherwise noted)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units
STATIC PARAMETERS						
BV_{DSS}	Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage	I_D=250µA, V_{GS}=0V	100			V
I_{DSS}	Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	V_{DS}=100V, V_{GS}=0V			1	µA
		T_J=55°C			5	
I_{GSS}	Gate-Body leakage current	V_{DS}=0V, V_{GS}=±20V			±100	nA
$V_{GS(th)}$	Gate Threshold Voltage	V_{DS}=V_{GS}, I_D=250µA	1.7	2.3	2.8	V
$I_{D(ON)}$	On state drain current	V_{GS}=10V, V_{DS}=5V	25			A
$R_{DS(ON)}$	Static Drain-Source On-Resistance	V_{GS}=10V, I_D=5A		54	66	mΩ
		T_J=125°C		100	122	
		V_{GS}=4.5V, I_D=3A		72	90	mΩ
g_{FS}	Forward Transconductance	V_{DS}=5V, I_D=5A		13.5		S
V_{SD}	Diode Forward Voltage	I_S=1A,V_{GS}=0V		0.76	1	V
I_S	Maximum Body-Diode Continuous Current [G]				16	A
DYNAMIC PARAMETERS						
C_{iss}	Input Capacitance	V_{GS}=0V, V_{DS}=50V, f=1MHz		415		pF
C_{oss}	Output Capacitance			32		pF
C_{rss}	Reverse Transfer Capacitance			3		pF
R_g	Gate resistance	V_{GS}=0V, V_{DS}=0V, f=1MHz	0.7	1.4	2.1	Ω
SWITCHING PARAMETERS						
Q_g(10V)	Total Gate Charge	V_{GS}=10V, V_{DS}=50V, I_D=5A		6.5	12	nC
Q_g(4.5V)	Total Gate Charge			3	6	nC
Q_{gs}	Gate Source Charge			1.5		nC
Q_{gd}	Gate Drain Charge			1.5		nC
$t_{D(on)}$	Turn-On DelayTime	V_{GS}=10V, V_{DS}=50V, R_L=10Ω, R_{GEN}=3Ω		4		ns
t_r	Turn-On Rise Time			2		ns
$t_{D(off)}$	Turn-Off DelayTime			15		ns
t_f	Turn-Off Fall Time			2		ns
t_{rr}	Body Diode Reverse Recovery Time	I_F=5A, dI/dt=500A/µs		16		ns
Q_{rr}	Body Diode Reverse Recovery Charge	I_F=5A, dI/dt=500A/µs		44		nC

A. The value of $R_{\theta JA}$ is measured with the device mounted on 1in² FR-4 board with 2oz. Copper, in a still air environment with T_A =25° C. The Power dissipation P_{DSM} is based on $R_{\theta JA}$ t ≤ 10s value and the maximum allowed junction temperature of 150° C. The value in any given application depends on the user's specific board design, and the maximum temperature of 150° C may be used if the PCB allows it.
B. The power dissipation P_D is based on $T_{J(MAX)}$=150° C, using junction-to-case thermal resistance, and is more useful in setting the upper dissipation limit for cases where additional heatsinking is used.
C. Repetitive rating, pulse width limited by junction temperature $T_{J(MAX)}$=150° C. Ratings are based on low frequency and duty cycles to keep initial T_J=25° C.
D. The $R_{\theta JA}$ is the sum of the thermal impedance from junction to case $R_{\theta JC}$ and case to ambient.
E. The static characteristics in Figures 1 to 6 are obtained using <300µs pulses, duty cycle 0.5% max.
F. These curves are based on the junction-to-case thermal impedance which is measured with the device mounted to a large heatsink, assuming a maximum junction temperature of $T_{J(MAX)}$=150° C. The SOA curve provides a single pulse rating.
G. The maximum current rating is package limited.
H. These tests are performed with the device mounted on 1 in² FR-4 board with 2oz. Copper, in a still air environment with T_A=25° C.

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS

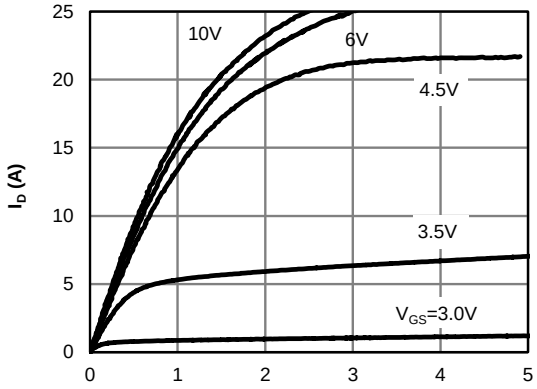


Fig 1: On-Region Characteristics (Note E)

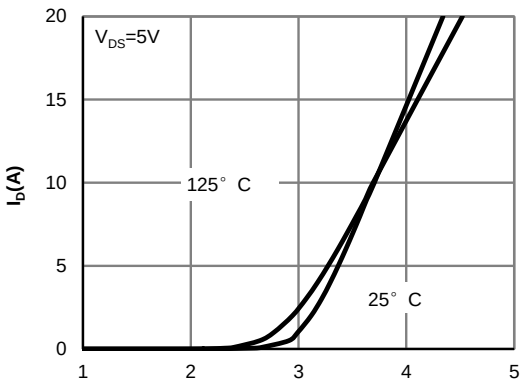


Figure 2: Transfer Characteristics (Note E)

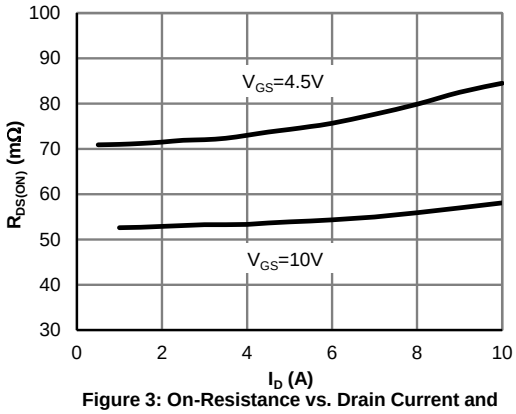


Figure 3: On-Resistance vs. Drain Current and Gate Voltage (Note E)

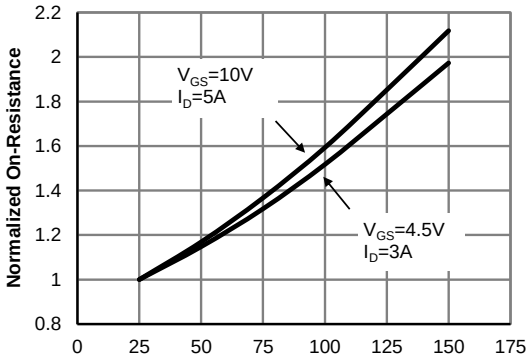


Figure 4: On-Resistance vs. Junction Temperature (Note E)

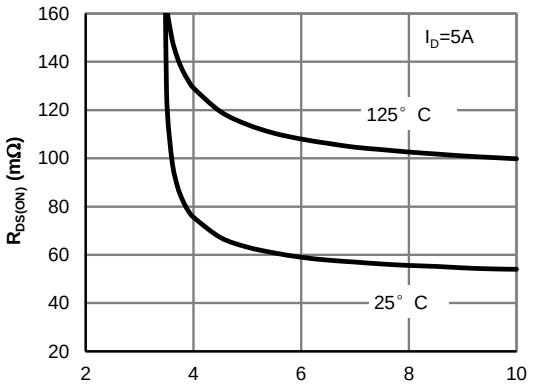


Figure 5: On-Resistance vs. Gate-Source Voltage (Note E)

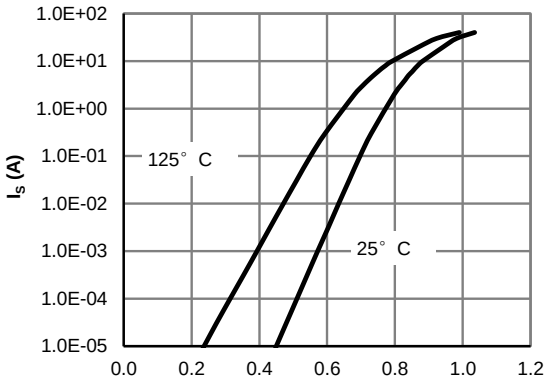


Figure 6: Body-Diode Characteristics (Note E)

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS

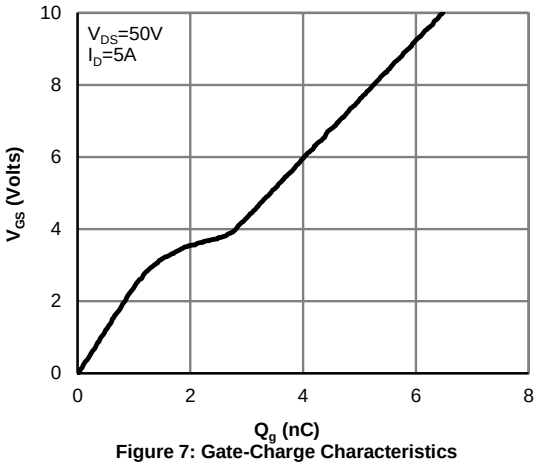


Figure 7: Gate-Charge Characteristics

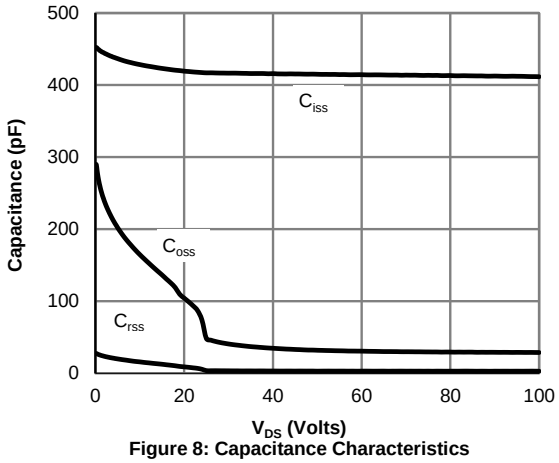


Figure 8: Capacitance Characteristics

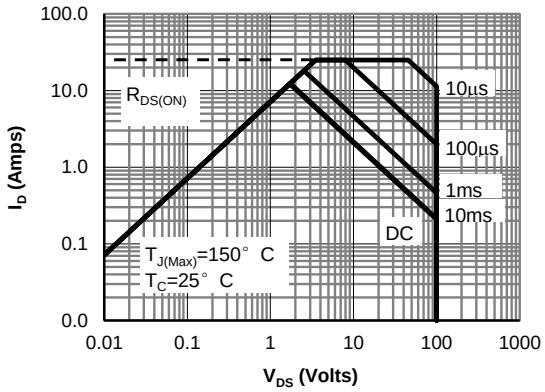


Figure 9: Maximum Forward Biased Safe Operating Area (Note F)

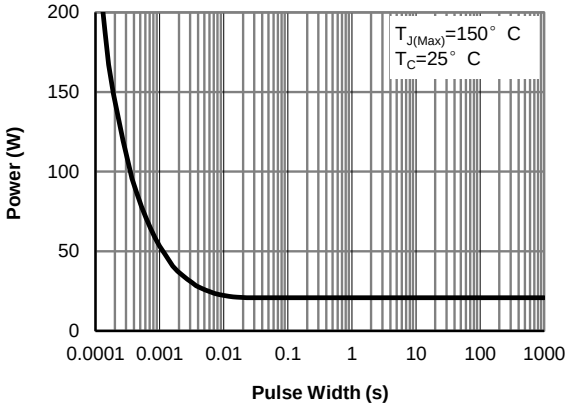


Figure 10: Single Pulse Power Rating Junction-to-Case (Note F)

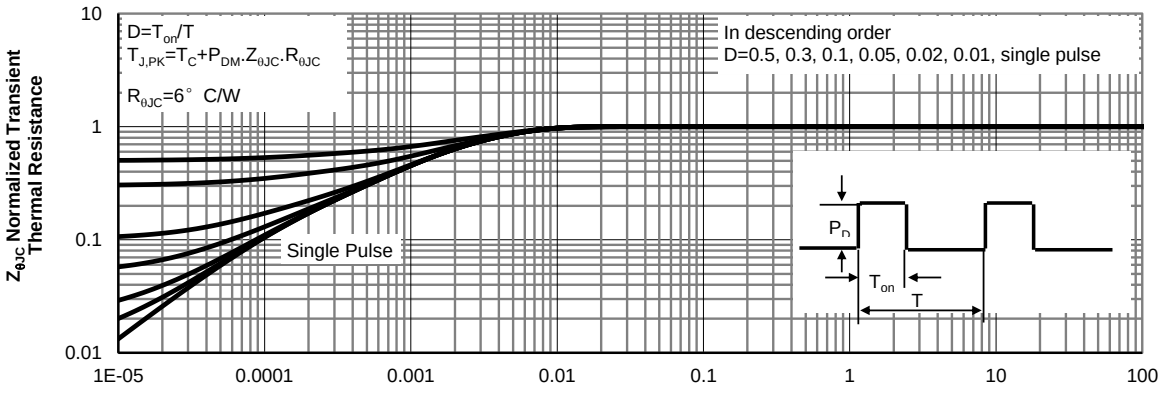


Figure 11: Normalized Maximum Transient Thermal Impedance (Note F)

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS

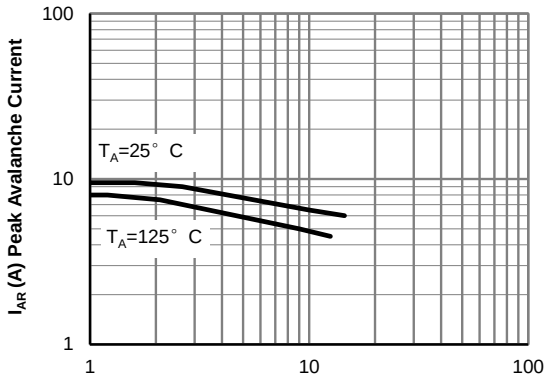


Figure 12: Single Pulse Avalanche capability (Note C)

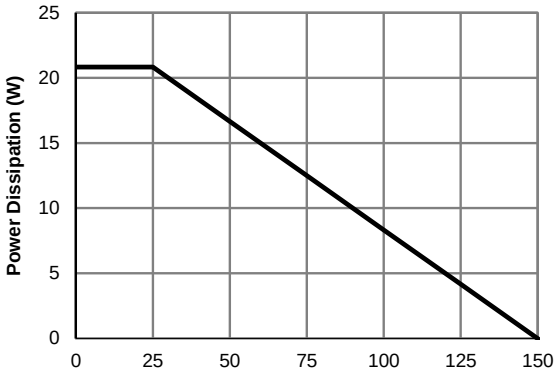


Figure 13: Power De-rating (Note F)

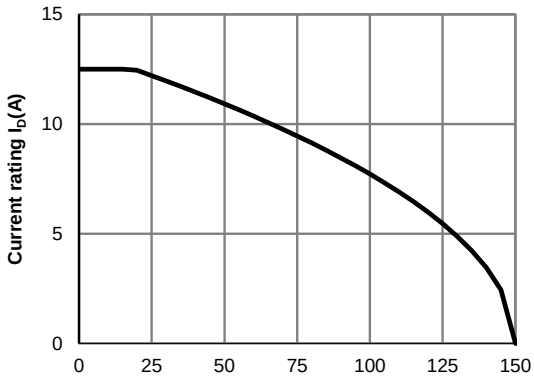


Figure 14: Current De-rating (Note F)

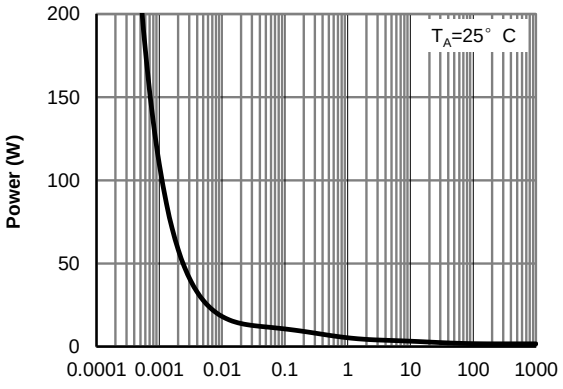


Figure 15: Single Pulse Power Rating Junction-to-Ambient (Note H)

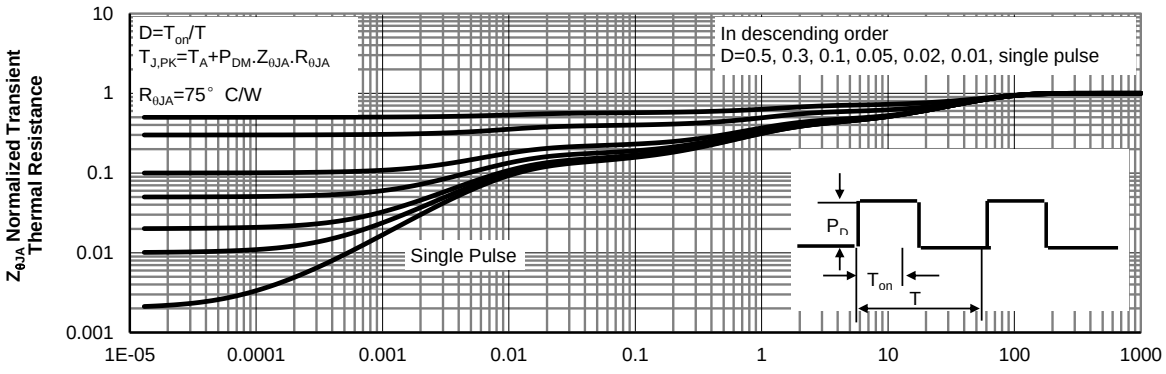
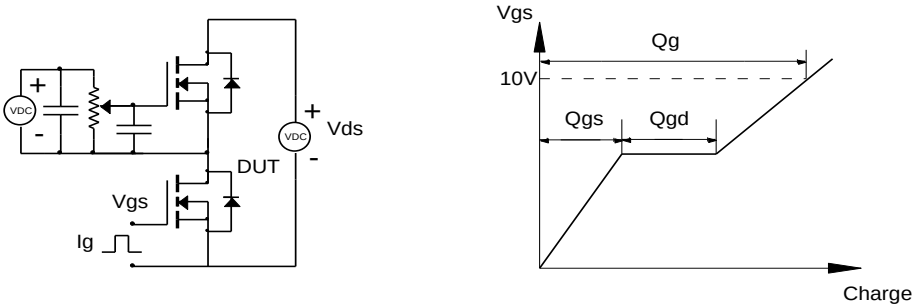
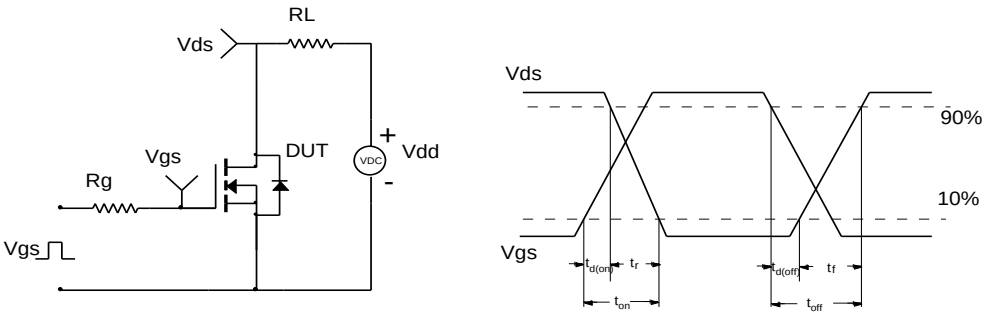


Figure 16: Normalized Maximum Transient Thermal Impedance (Note H)

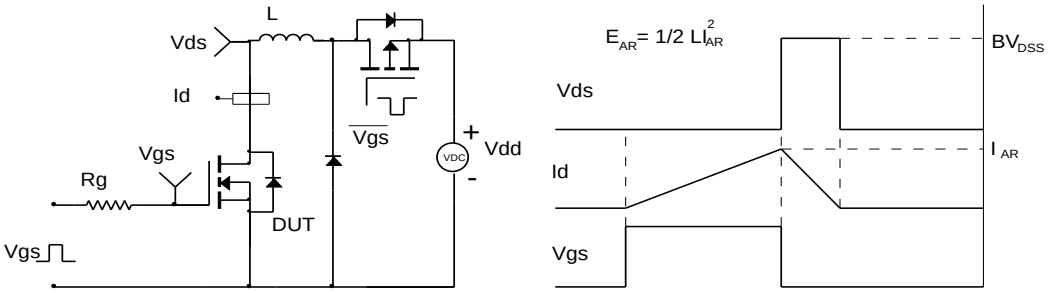
Gate Charge Test Circuit & Waveform



Resistive Switching Test Circuit & Waveforms



Unclamped Inductive Switching (UIS) Test Circuit & Waveforms



Diode Recovery Test Circuit & Waveforms