

# AON7810

# 30V Dual N-Channel AlphaMOS

## **General Description**

- Latest Trench Power AlphaMOS (αMOS LV) technology
- Very Low R<sub>DS(ON)</sub> at 4.5V V<sub>GS</sub>
- Low Gate Charge
- High Current Capability
- RoHS and Halogen-Free Compliant

# Application

- DC/DC Converters in Computing, Servers, and POL
- Isolated DC/DC Converters in Telecom and Industrial

Absolute Maximum Ratings T<sub>A</sub>=25°C unless otherwise noted

 $T_{C}=25^{\circ}C$ 

T<sub>C</sub>=100°C

T<sub>A</sub>=25°C

T<sub>A</sub>=70°C

Power Dissipation B

Power Dissipation A

# **Product Summary**

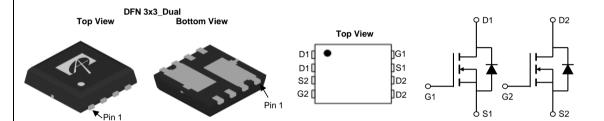
 $\begin{array}{ll} V_{DS} & 30V \\ I_{D} \; (at \; V_{GS} \! = \! 10V) & 6A \\ R_{DS(ON)} \; (at \; V_{GS} \! = \! 10V) & < 14m\Omega \\ R_{DS(ON)} \; (at \; V_{GS} \! = \! 4.5V) & < 20.5m\Omega \end{array}$ 

100% UIS Tested 100% R<sub>g</sub> Tested



W

W



Symbol Units Parameter Maximum Drain-Source Voltage  $V_{DS}$ 30 Gate-Source Voltage ±20 ٧  $V_{GS}$ Continuous Drain T<sub>C</sub>=25°C 6  $I_D$ Current G T<sub>C</sub>=100°C 5 Α Pulsed Drain Current 24  $I_{DM}$  $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$ 6 Continuous Drain Α  $I_{DSM}$ Current T<sub>A</sub>=70°C 5 Avalanche Current <sup>C</sup> 20 Α  $I_{AS}$ Avalanche energy L=0.05mH <sup>C</sup>  $\mathsf{E}_\mathsf{AS}$ 10 mJ V<sub>DS</sub> Spike 100ns 36  $V_{SPIKE}$ ٧

 $P_D$ 

P<sub>DSM</sub>

20.5

8

3.1

2

Junction and Storage Temperature Range		$T_J$ , $T_{STG}$	-55 to	°C		
Thermal Characteristics		•	•		-	
Parameter		Symbol	Тур Мах		Units	
Maximum Junction-to-Ambient A	t ≤ 10s	D	30	40	°C/W	
Maximum Junction-to-Ambient AD	Steady-State	$R_{\theta JA}$	60	75	°C/W	
Maximum Junction-to-Case	Steady-State	$R_{\theta,JC}$	5	6	°C/W	



#### Electrical Characteristics (T<sub>.1</sub>=25°C unless otherwise noted)

Symbol	Parameter	Parameter Conditions		Min	Тур	Max	Units				
STATIC PARAMETERS											
BV <sub>DSS</sub>	Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage	ID=250μA, V <sub>GS</sub> =0V		30			V				
I <sub>DSS</sub>	Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	$V_{DS}$ =30V, $V_{GS}$ =0V				1	μА				
			T <sub>J</sub> =125°C			5	μιτ				
$I_{GSS}$	Gate-Body leakage current	$V_{DS}$ =0V, $V_{GS}$ =±20V				±100	nA				
$V_{GS(th)}$	Gate Threshold Voltage	$V_{DS}=V_{GS}$ , $I_{D}=250\mu A$		1.3	1.8	2.3	V				
R <sub>DS(ON)</sub>	Static Drain-Source On-Resistance	$V_{GS}$ =10V, $I_{D}$ =6A			11.5	14	mΩ				
			T <sub>J</sub> =125°C		15.8	19	1117.7				
		$V_{GS}$ =4.5V, $I_D$ =5A			16	20.5	$m\Omega$				
g <sub>FS</sub>	Forward Transconductance	$V_{DS}$ =5V, $I_{D}$ =6A			25		S				
$V_{SD}$	Diode Forward Voltage	I <sub>S</sub> =1A,V <sub>GS</sub> =0V			0.73	1	V				
I <sub>S</sub>	Maximum Body-Diode Continuous Current <sup>G</sup>					6	Α				
DYNAMIC	PARAMETERS		-								
C <sub>iss</sub>	Input Capacitance	V <sub>GS</sub> =0V, V <sub>DS</sub> =15V, f=1MHz			542		pF				
Coss	Output Capacitance				233		pF				
C <sub>rss</sub>	Reverse Transfer Capacitance			31		pF					
$R_g$	Gate resistance	V <sub>GS</sub> =0V, V <sub>DS</sub> =0V, f=1MHz		1	2	3	Ω				
SWITCHI	NG PARAMETERS		-								
Q <sub>g</sub> (10V)	Total Gate Charge	V <sub>GS</sub> =10V, V <sub>DS</sub> =15V, I <sub>D</sub> =6A			9	12.2	nC				
Q <sub>g</sub> (4.5V)	Total Gate Charge				4.3	5.8	nC				
$Q_{gs}$	Gate Source Charge				1.6		nC				
$Q_{gd}$	Gate Drain Charge				2		nC				
t <sub>D(on)</sub>	Turn-On DelayTime	$V_{GS}$ =10V, $V_{DS}$ =15V, $R_L$ =2.5 $\Omega$ , $R_{GEN}$ =3 $\Omega$			4		ns				
t <sub>r</sub>	Turn-On Rise Time				3.5		ns				
t <sub>D(off)</sub>	Turn-Off DelayTime				18		ns				
t <sub>f</sub>	Turn-Off Fall Time	1		3.5		ns					
t <sub>rr</sub>	Body Diode Reverse Recovery Time	I <sub>F</sub> =6A, dI/dt=500A/μs			8.5		ns				
$Q_{rr}$	Body Diode Reverse Recovery Charge I <sub>F</sub> =6A, dI/dt=500A/μs				9.0		nC				

A. The value of  $R_{\text{eJA}}$  is measured with the device mounted on 1in² FR-4 board with 2oz. Copper, in a still air environment with  $T_A$  =25° C. The Power dissipation  $P_{\text{DSM}}$  is based on  $R_{\text{eJA}}$  t≤ 10s and the maximum allowed junction temperature of 150° C. The value in any given application depends on the user's specific board design.

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B. The power dissipation  $P_D$  is based on  $T_{J_{(MAX)}}$ =150° C, using junction-to-case thermal resistance, and is more useful in setting the upper dissipation limit for cases where additional heatsinking is used.

C. Single pulse width limited by junction temperature  $T_{J(MAX)}$ =150° C.

D. The  $R_{\theta JA}$  is the sum of the thermal impedance from junction to case  $R_{\theta JC}$  and case to ambient.

E. The static characteristics in Figures 1 to 6 are obtained using <300µs pulses, duty cycle 0.5% max.

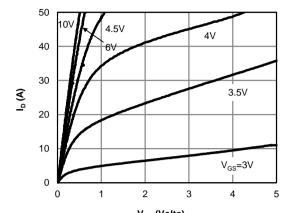
F. These curves are based on the junction-to-case thermal impedance which is measured with the device mounted to a large heatsirk, assuming a maximum junction temperature of T<sub>J(MAX)</sub>=150° C. The SOA curve provides a single pulse rating.

G. The maximum current rating is package limited.

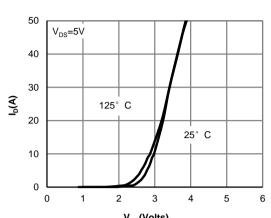
H. These tests are performed with the device mounted on 1 in FR-4 board with 2oz. Copper, in a still air environment with  $T_A$ =25° C.



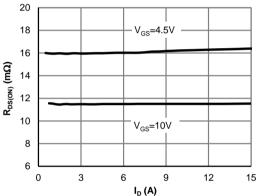
#### TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS



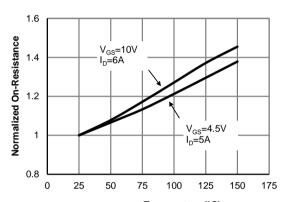
V<sub>DS</sub> (Volts) Fig 1: On-Region Characteristics (Note E)



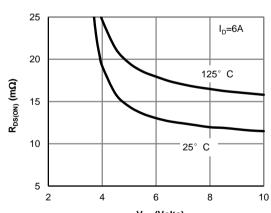
V<sub>GS</sub>(Volts)
Figure 2: Transfer Characteristics (Note E)



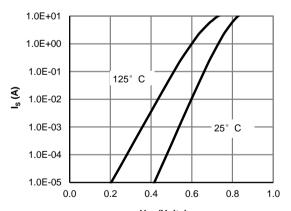
I<sub>D</sub> (A)
Figure 3: On-Resistance vs. Drain Current and
Gate Voltage (Note E)



Temperature (°C)
Figure 4: On-Resistance vs. Junction Temperature
(Note E)



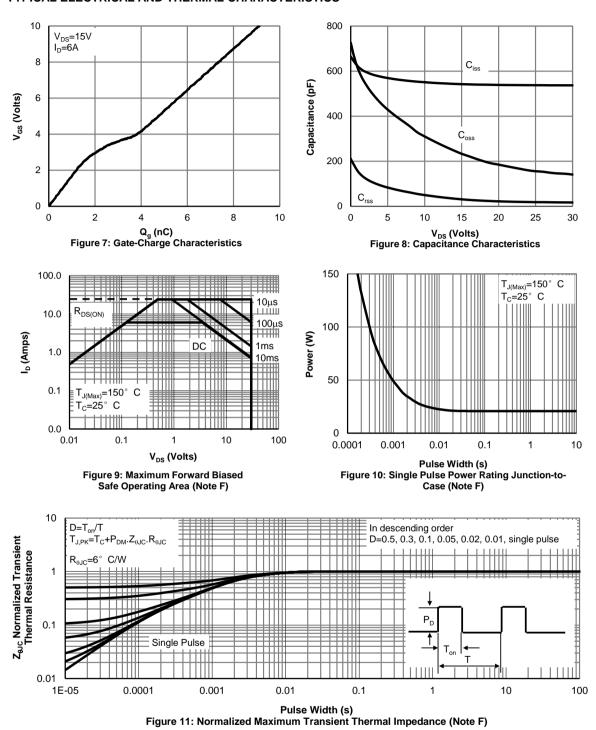
V<sub>GS</sub> (Volts) Figure 5: On-Resistance vs. Gate-Source Voltage (Note E)



V<sub>SD</sub> (Volts) Figure 6: Body-Diode Characteristics (Note E)

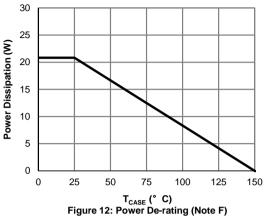


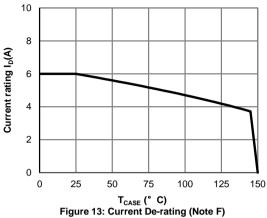
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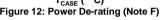




#### TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS









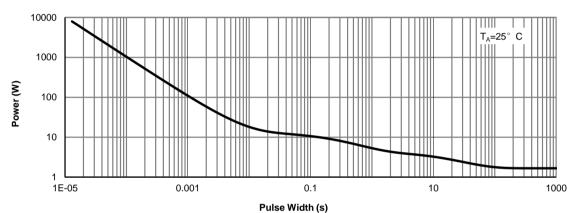
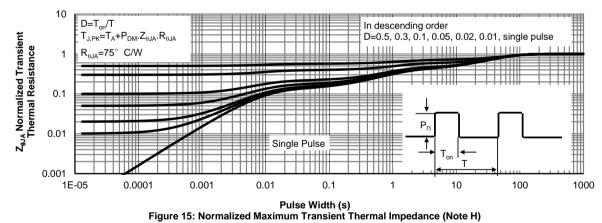
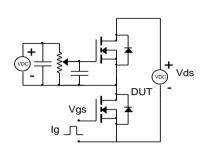


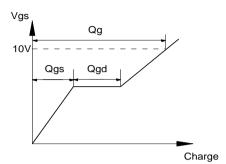
Figure 14: Single Pulse Power Rating Junction-to-Ambient (Note H)



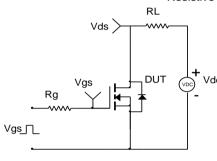


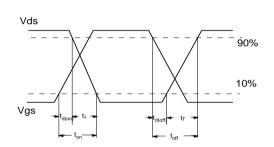
## Gate Charge Test Circuit & Waveform



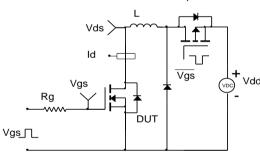


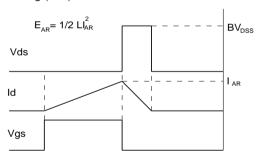
# Resistive Switching Test Circuit & Waveforms





# Unclamped Inductive Switching (UIS) Test Circuit & Waveforms





## Diode Recovery Test Circuit & Waveforms

