

General Description

The AOZ2023 is a 3A ultra low dropout linear regulator designed for desktop motherboard, graphic card and notebook applications. This device needs dual supplies, a control voltage for the control circuitry and an input voltage for power conversion. The AOZ2023 delivers high-current and ultra low-drop output voltage for applications where V_{OUT} is very close to V_{IN} .

The AOZ2023 features comprehensive control and protection functions: a power on reset (POR) circuit for monitoring both control and power inputs for proper operation; an EN input for enabling or disabling the device, a power OK with time delay for indicating the output voltage status, a current limit function, and a thermal shutdown function.

The AOZ2023 is available in exposed pad SO-8 package.

Features

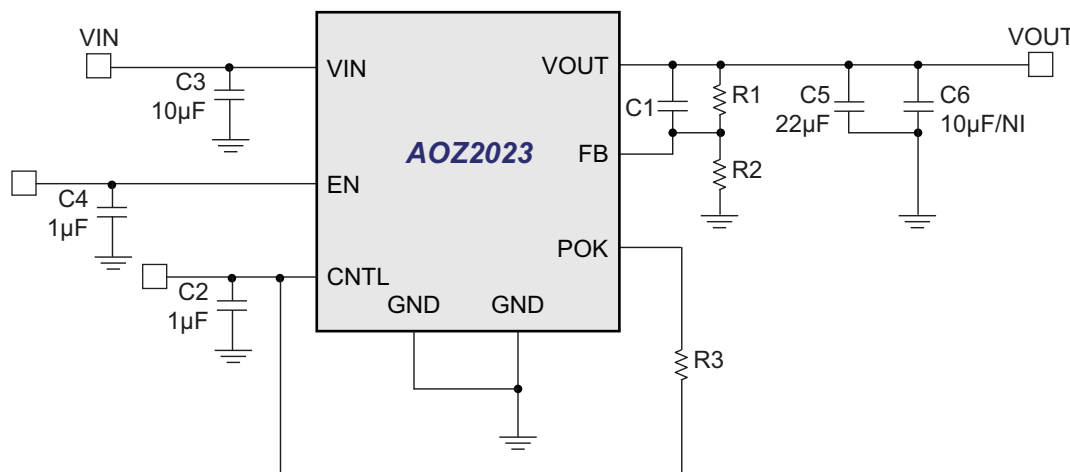
- Ultra low dropout linear regulator
- 1.3V~5.5V V_{IN} supply voltage with external control voltage
- Dropout voltage (typical):
 - 180mV @ 2A
- High accuracy output voltage $\pm 1.5\%$
- Enable and Power Good
- V_{OUT} pull low resistance when disabled
- Current limiting protection
- Thermal shutdown protection
- Output voltage adjustable
- Small footprint exposed pad SO-8 Package

Applications

- Desktop, notebook PCs
- Workstations
- Graphic cards
- Low voltage logic supplies
- Gaming
- SMPS post regulators



Typical Application



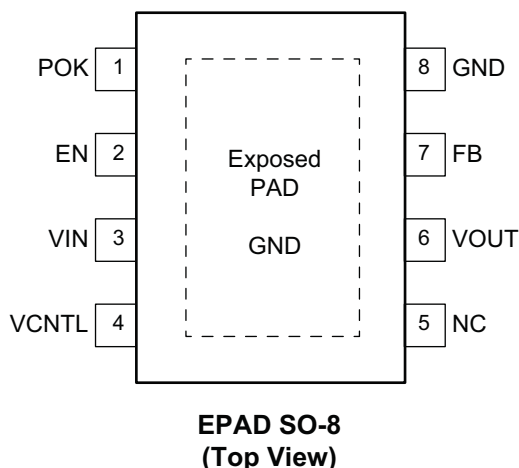
Ordering Information

Part Number	Ambient Temperature Range	Package	Environmental
AOZ2023PI	-40 °C to +85 °C	EPAD SO-8	Green Product



AOS Green Products use reduced levels of Halogens, and are also RoHS compliant. Please visit www.aosmd.com/media/AOSGreenPolicy.pdf for additional information.

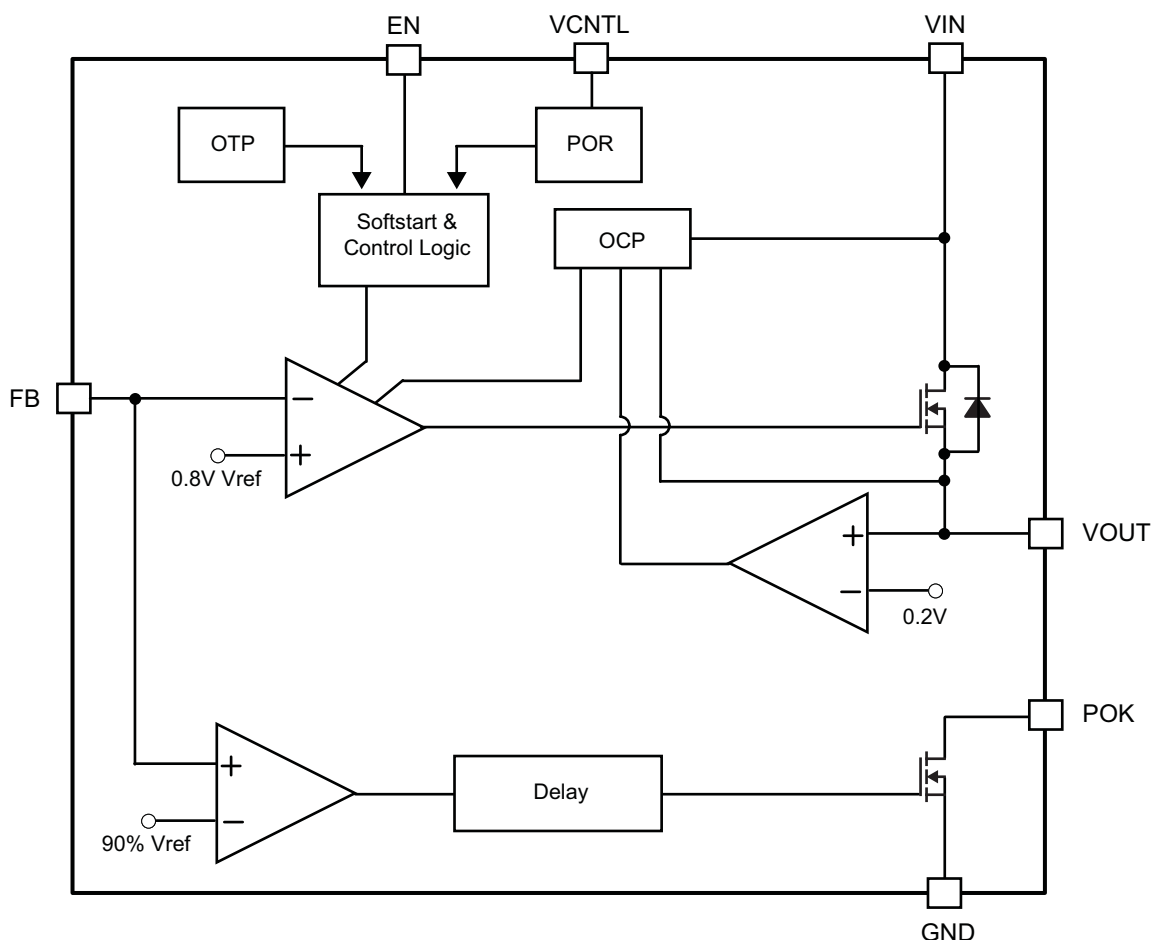
Pin Configuration



Pin Description

Pin Number	Pin Name	Pin Function
1	POK	Power OK Indication. This pin is an open-drain output and is set high impedance once VOUT reaches 90% of its rating voltage.
2	EN	Enable Input. Pulling this pin below 0.8V turns the regulator off, reducing the quiescent current to a fraction of its operating value.
3	VIN	Input Voltage. This is the drain input to the power device that supply current to the output pin. Large bulk capacitors with low ESR should be placed physically close to this pin o prevent the input rail from dropping during large load transient. A 10μF ceramic capacitor is recommended at this pin.
4	VCNTL	Supply Input for Control Circuit. This pin provides bias voltage to the control circuitry and driver for the pass transistor. The driving capability of output current is proportioned to the VCNTL. For the device to regulate, the voltage on this pin must be at least 1.5V greater than the output voltage, and no less than VCNTL_min.
5	NC	Not Internally Connected.
6	VOUT	Output Voltage. This pin is power output of the device. A pull low resistance exists when the device is disabled by pulling low the EN pin.
7	FB	Feedback Voltage. This pin is the inverting input to the error amplifier. A resistor divider from the output to GND is used to set the regulation voltage as $V_{OUT} = 0.8 \times (R1 + R2) / R2$ (V).
8	GND	Ground.
Exposed PAD	GND	Ground. The exposed pad acts the dominant power dissipation path and should be soldered to well design PCB pads.

Block Diagram



Absolute Maximum Ratings

Exceeding the Absolute Maximum Ratings may damage the device.

Parameter	Rating
VIN	1V to 6V
VCNTL	3V to 6V
VOUT	0.8V to 6V
Other Pins	-0.3V to 6V
ESD Rating ⁽¹⁾	2kV

Note:

1. Devices are inherently ESD sensitive, handling precautions are required. Human body model rating: 1.5kΩ in series with 100pF.

Recommended Operating Conditions

The device is not guaranteed to operate beyond the Recommended Operating Conditions.

Parameter	Rating
Supply Voltage (VIN)	1.3V to 5.5V
Supply Control Voltage (VCNTL)	3V to 5.5V
Junction Temperature (TJ)	-40°C to +125°C
Ambient Temperature (TA)	-40°C to +85°C
Power Dissipation (PD)	2W
Package Thermal Resistance EPAD SO-8 (θJA)	50°C/W

Electrical Characteristics

$T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{IN} = 1.4\text{V}$, $V_{CNTL} = V_{EN} = 5\text{V}$, $C_{IN} = C_{OUT} = 10\mu\text{F}$, unless otherwise specified. Specifications in **BOLD** indicate a temperature of -40°C to $+85^\circ\text{C}$.

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
INPUT STAGE						
V_{IN}	Input Voltage Range	$V_{OUT} = 1.2\text{V}$, $I_{OUT} = 100\text{mA}$	1.3		5.5	V
V_{CNTL}	Input Control Voltage		3		5.5	V
V_{POR}	POR		2.4	2.7	3	V
V_{UVLO_HYS}	Under-Voltage Lockout Hysteresis			300		mV
I_{CNTL}	Input Supply Current	$EN = IN$, $V_{OUT} = V_{FB}$, no load		0.5	1	mA
		$EN = AGND$			20	μA
V_{FB}	Feedback Reference Voltage	$T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$, no load	0.788	0.800	0.812	V
I_{FB}	Feedback Bias Current			0.02		μA
REGULATION						
ΔV_{FB}	Line Regulation (V_{IN})	$V_{IN} = 1.4\text{V}$ to 5V , $I_{OUT} = 100\text{mA}$, $V_{OUT} = 1.2\text{V}$		0.015	0.15	% / ΔV
	Load Regulation	$V_{IN} = 1.8\text{V}$, $I_{OUT} = 100\text{mA}$ to 2A , $V_{OUT} = 1.2\text{V}$		0.45	1.5	%
$V_{DROP}^{(2)}$	Drop Voltage	$I_{OUT} = 300\text{mA}$, $V_{EN} = V_{CNTL} = 5\text{V}$, $V_{OUT} = 1.2\text{V}$		40	50	mV
		$I_{OUT} = 2\text{A}$, $V_{EN} = V_{CNTL} = 5\text{V}$, $V_{OUT} = 1.2\text{V}$		180	250	mV
$R_{PULL-DOWN}$	V_{OUT} Pull-down			90		Ω
ENABLE / POK						
V_{EN_HI}	Enable High Level		1.2			V
V_{EN_LOW}	Disable Low Level				0.2	V
I_{EN}	Enable Bias Current	$V_{EN} = 5.5\text{V}$		12		μA
V_{POK_TH}	POK Threshold	$V_{IN} = V_{EN} = V_{CNTL} = 5\text{V}$, No load, $V_{OUT} = 1.2\text{V}$		90		%
V_{POK_HYS}	POK Hysteresis	$V_{IN} = V_{EN} = V_{CNTL} = 5\text{V}$, No load, $V_{OUT} = 1.2\text{V}$		10		%
T_{POK_ON}	POK Time Delay (ON)	$V_{IN} = V_{EN} = V_{CNTL} = 5\text{V}$, No load, $V_{FB} > 90\% \cdot V_{REF}$		1		ms
T_{POK_OFF}	POK Time Delay (OFF)	$V_{IN} = V_{EN} = V_{CNTL} = 5\text{V}$, No load, $V_{FB} < 10\% \cdot V_{REF}$		50		μs
V_{POK_LOW}	POK Pull-low Voltage	POK sink current = 5mA			0.35	V
PROTECTION						
$I_{LIM}^{(3)}$	Current Limit			3.5		A
I_{SC}	Short Circuit Current	$V_{OUT} < 0.2\text{V}$		0.8		A
T_{SD}	Thermal Shutdown Threshold			160		$^\circ\text{C}$
ΔT_{SD}	Thermal Shutdown Hysteresis			60		$^\circ\text{C}$

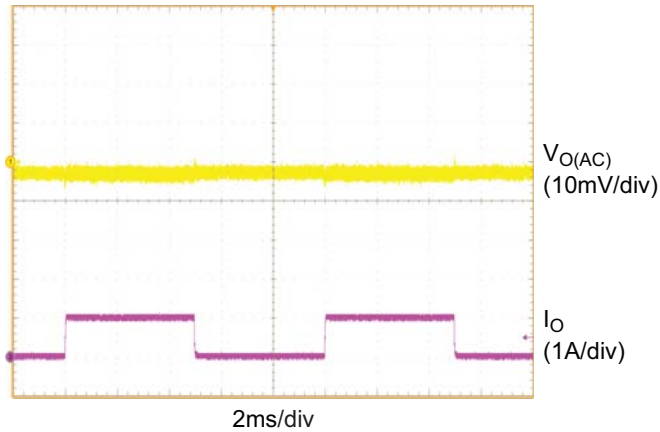
Notes:

- The dropout voltage is defined as $V_{IN} - V_{OUT}$, which is measured when V_{OUT} is $V_{OUT} - 100\text{mV}$.
- The current limit was measured by the constant current limit value when V_{OUT} is shorted directly. It is noted that the output capacitor current was not included.

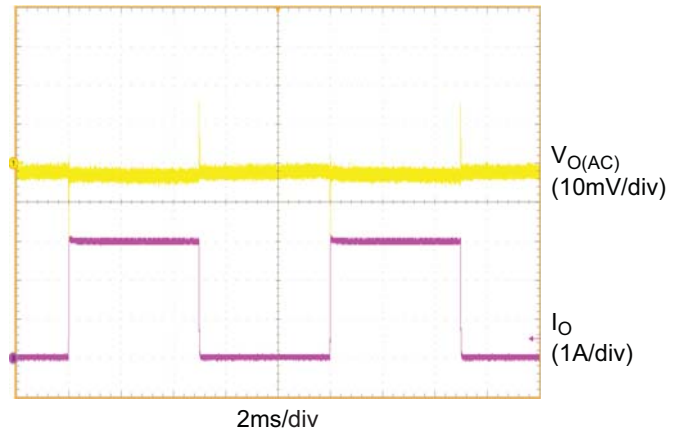
Functional Characteristics

Circuit of Typical Application 1. $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{IN} = 1.5\text{V}$, $V_{CNTL} = 5\text{V}$, $V_{OUT} = 1.05\text{V}$, unless otherwise specified.

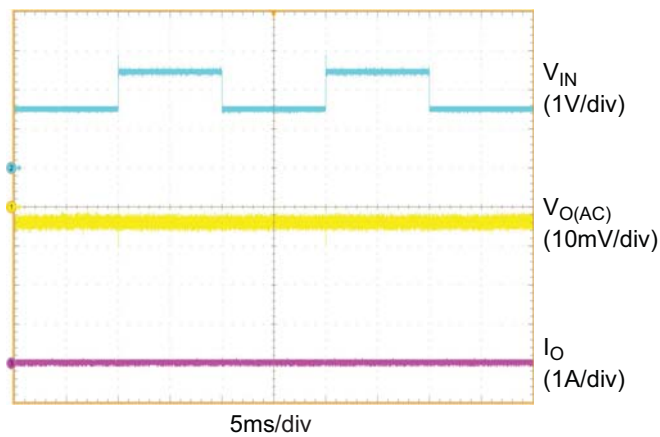
Load Transient Response (1A)



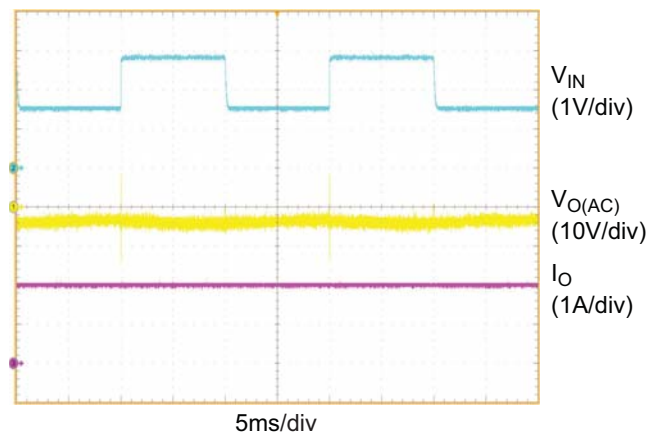
Load Transient Response (3A)



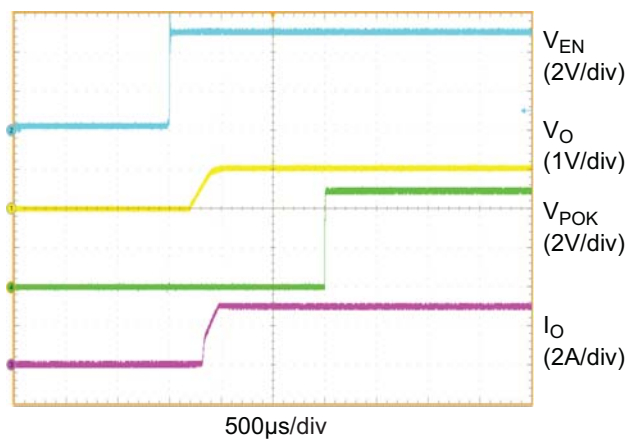
V_{IN} Line Transient Response (0A)



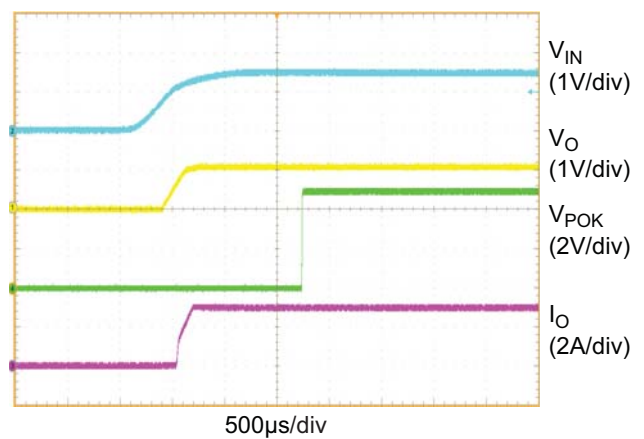
V_{IN} Line Transient Response (2A)



Start-Up From Enable



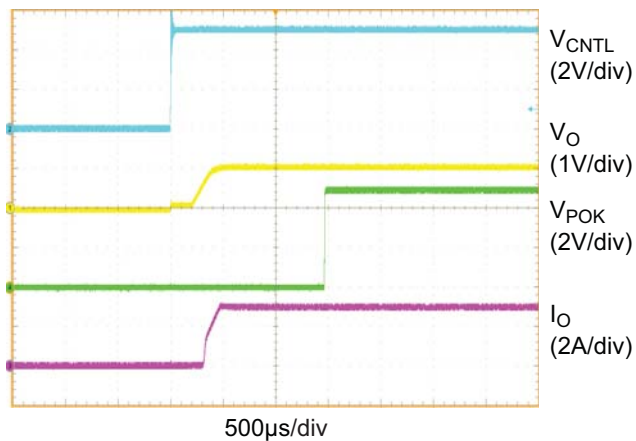
Start-Up From V_{IN}



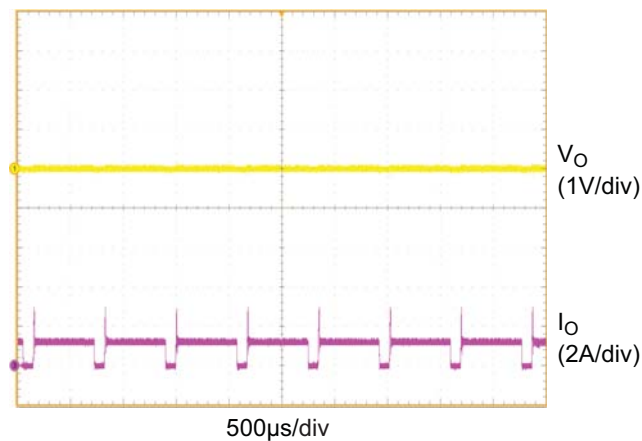
Functional Characteristics (Continued)

Circuit of Typical Application 1. $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{IN} = 1.5\text{V}$, $V_{CNTL} = 5\text{V}$, $V_{OUT} = 1.05\text{V}$, unless otherwise specified.

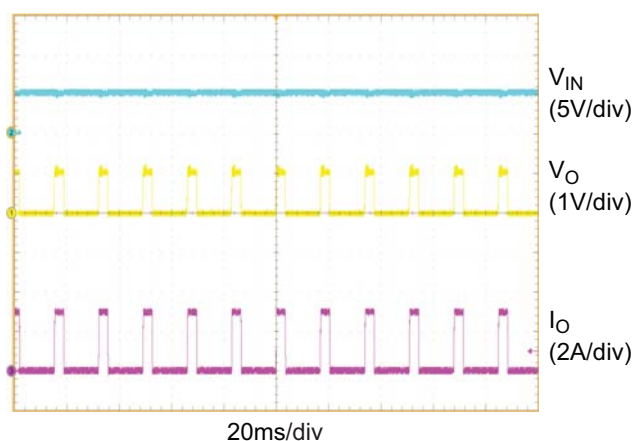
Start-Up From V_{CNTL}



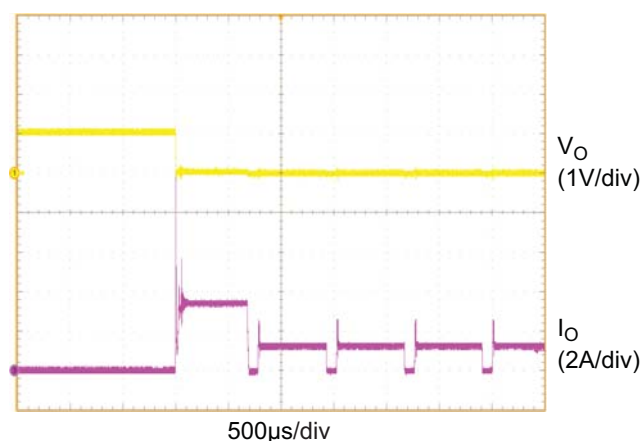
Short Current Protection



Over Temperature Protection ($V_{IN} = 5\text{V}$)



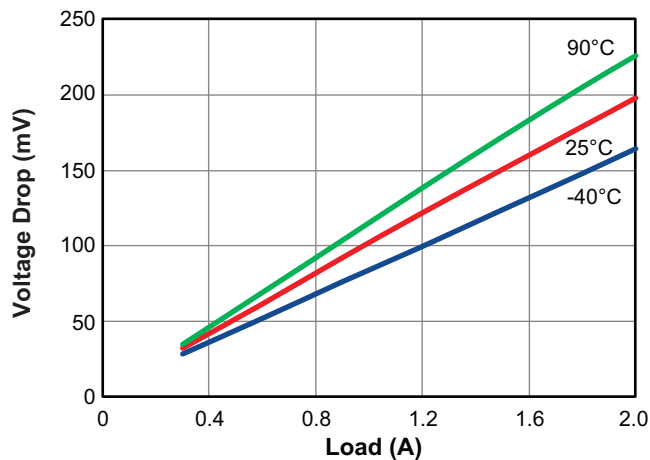
Current Limit



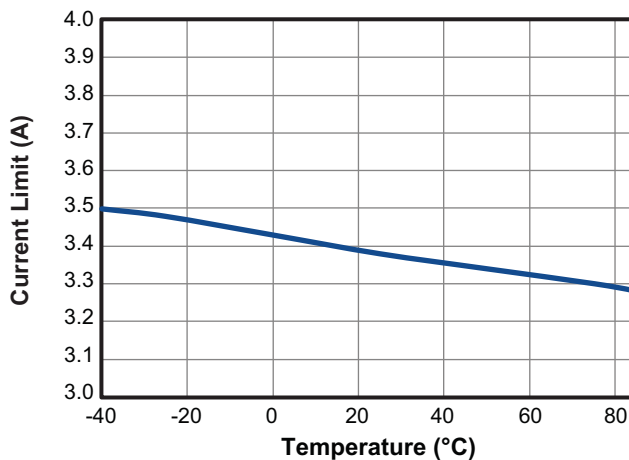
Typical Performance Characteristics

Circuit of Typical Application 1. $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{IN} = 1.5\text{V}$, $V_{CNTL} = 5\text{V}$, $V_{OUT} = 1.05\text{V}$, unless otherwise specified.

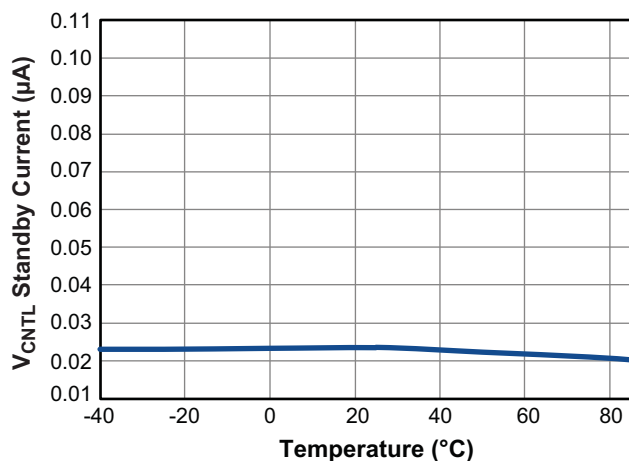
Dropout Voltage vs. Load Current



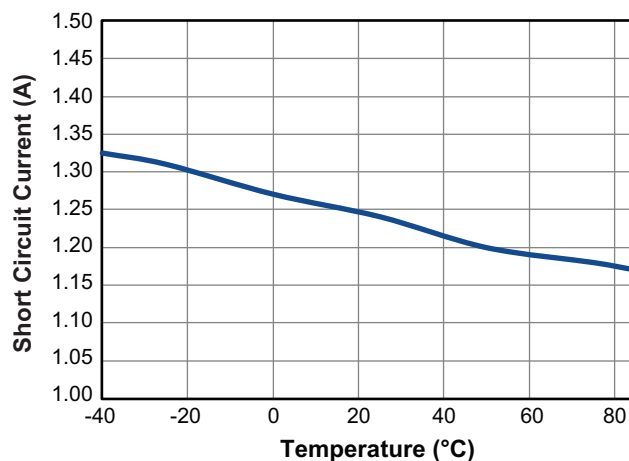
Current Limit vs. Temperature



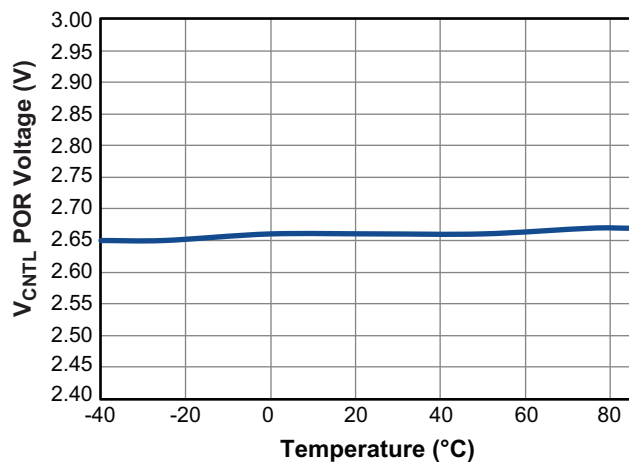
V_{CNTL} Standby Current vs. Temperature



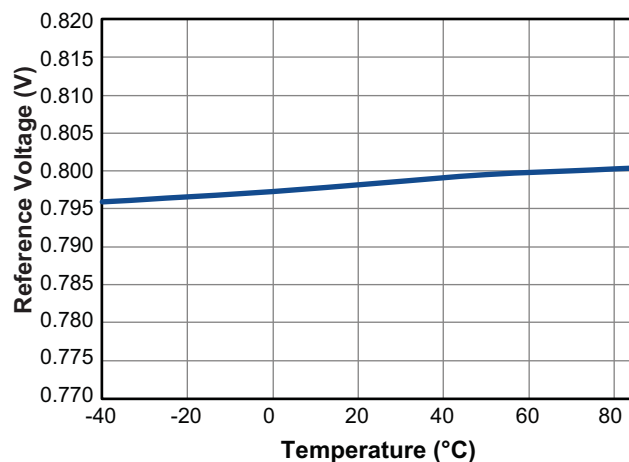
Short Circuit vs. Temperature



V_{CNTL} POR Threshold Voltage vs. Temperature



Reference Voltage vs. Temperature



Application Information

Output Voltage Setting

The output voltage can be set by the output voltage divider. Typically, the adjustable range of the output voltage is from 1V to ($V_{IN} - V_{drop}$). The output voltage is set by the equation below:

$$V_{OUT} = 0.8V \times \frac{R1 + R2}{R2}$$

Supply Voltage (VCNTL)

Supply voltage is used to provide the power for the internal circuits. For the device to regulate, the voltage on this pin must be at least 1.5V greater than the output voltage, and no less than V_{CNTL_min} . A 0.1μF or more ceramic capacitor close to the pin is required to filter the control voltage.

Enable (EN)

The EN pin is used to turn off the regulator by pulling this pin below 0.8V. When the linear regulator is operated in the disable mode, the quiescent current can be limited below several ten micro-amp level.

Input / Output Capacitor

A 10μF or more capacitances for the input side (VIN) is necessary. This not only decouples the noise from input side, but also keeps the input impedance as low as possible. In addition, a 22μF or more capacitances for the VIN above 4.5V is recommended for much lower input impedance.

A 10μF output capacitor is typically used with a 0.1μF ceramic capacitor for the output terminal (VOUT). Internal type-II compensation network allows lower ESR capacitors without stability problem.

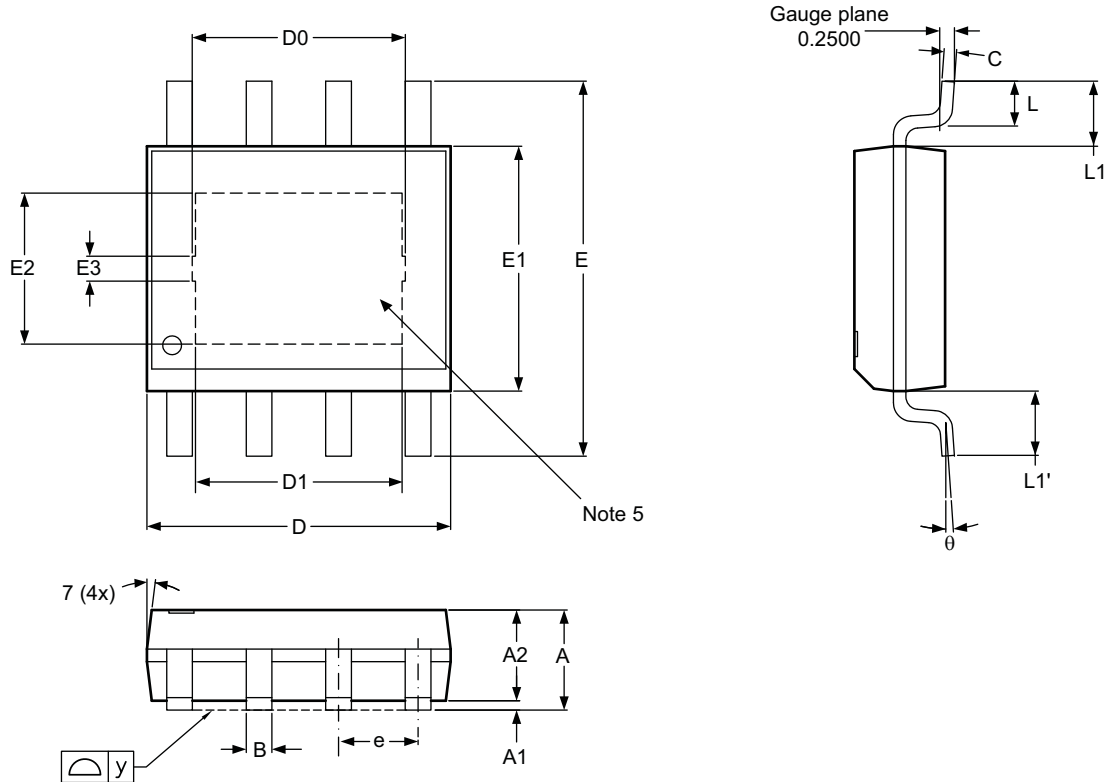
Power OK (POK)

The POK pin is used to provide a logic signal to notice that the regulator works well. When the output voltage through the voltage divider is regulated above 90% of reference voltage, this pin will be as a high impedance status due to the open-drain output. An external pull-up resistor is necessary to provide high-level signal. The sink capability of the POK pin is limited below 5mA. Typically, a 5.1kΩ resistor for the 5V is recommended.

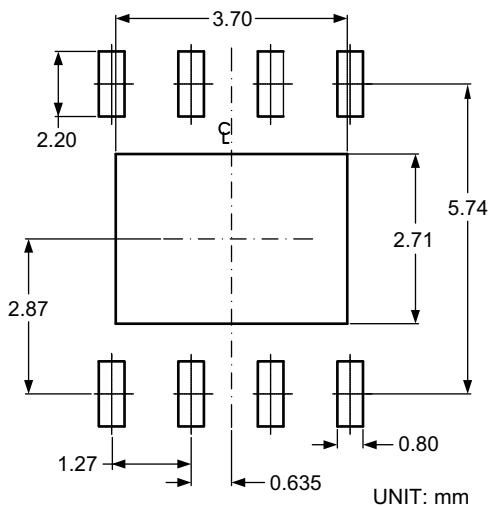
Over Temperature Protection (OTP)

It is recommended that the junction temperature can be kept below the recommended operation condition 125 degree for maximum reliability. This power dissipation is conducted through the package into the ambient environment, and, in the process, the temperature of the die (T_J) rises above ambient.

Package Dimensions, SO-8 EP1



RECOMMENDED LAND PATTERN



Dimensions in millimeters

Symbols	Min.	Nom.	Max.
A	1.40	1.55	1.70
A1	0.00	0.05	0.10
A2	1.40	1.50	1.60
B	0.31	0.406	0.51
C	0.17	—	0.25
D	4.80	4.96	5.00
D0	3.20	3.40	3.60
D1	3.10	3.30	3.50
E	5.80	6.00	6.20
e	—	1.27	—
E1	3.80	3.90	4.00
E2	2.21	2.41	2.61
E3	0.40 REF		
L	0.40	0.95	1.27
y	—	—	0.10
θ	0°	3°	8°
L1-L1'	—	0.04	0.12
L1	1.04 REF		

Dimensions in inches

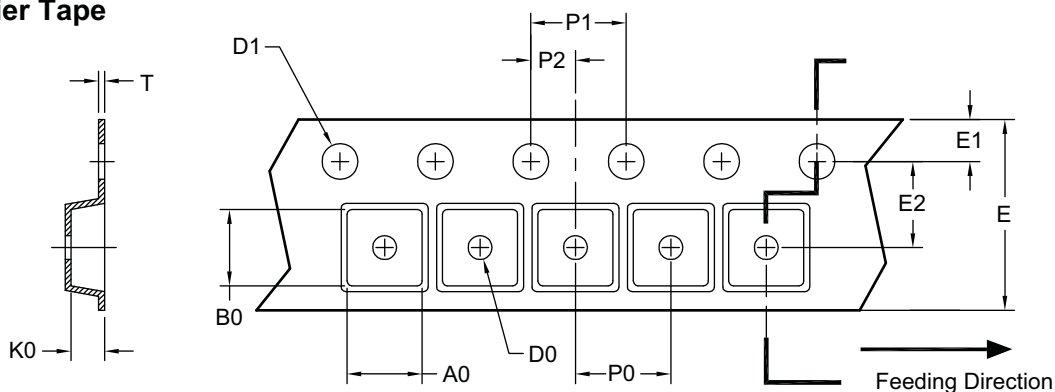
Symbols	Min.	Nom.	Max.
A	0.055	0.061	0.067
A1	0.000	0.002	0.004
A2	0.055	0.059	0.063
B	0.012	0.016	0.020
C	0.007	—	0.010
D	0.189	0.195	0.197
D0	0.126	0.134	0.142
D1	0.122	0.130	0.138
E	0.228	0.236	0.244
e	—	0.050	—
E1	0.150	0.153	0.157
E2	0.087	0.095	0.103
E3	0.016 REF		
L	0.016	0.037	0.050
y	—	—	0.004
θ	0°	3°	8°
L1-L1'	—	0.002	0.005
L1	0.041 REF		

Notes:

1. Package body sizes exclude mold flash and gate burrs.
2. Dimension L is measured in gauge plane.
3. Tolerance 0.10mm unless otherwise specified.
4. Controlling dimension is millimeter, converted inch dimensions are not necessarily exact.
5. Die pad exposure size is according to lead frame design.
6. Followed from JEDEC MS-012

Tape and Reel Dimensions, SO-8 EP1

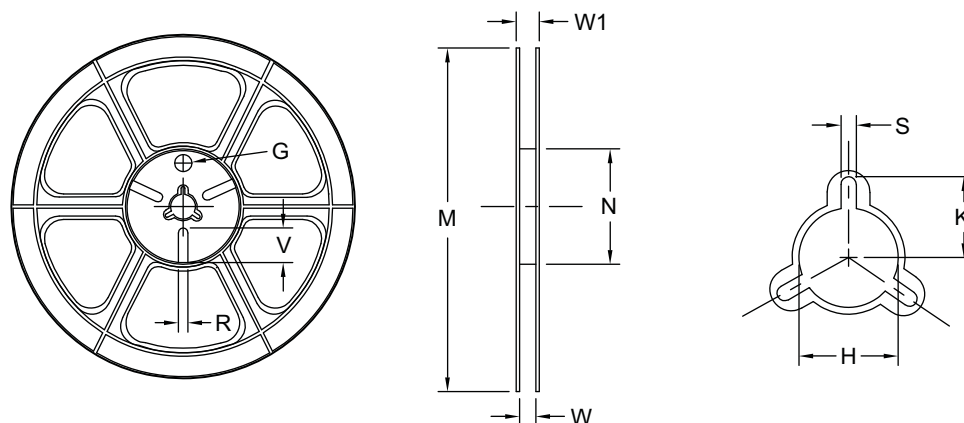
Carrier Tape



UNIT: mm

Package	A0	B0	K0	D0	D1	E	E1	E2	P0	P1	P2	T
SO-8 (12mm)	6.40 ±0.10	5.20 ±0.10	2.10 ±0.10	1.60 ±0.10	1.50 ±0.10	12.00 ±0.10	1.75 ±0.10	5.50 ±0.10	8.00 ±0.10	4.00 ±0.10	2.00 ±0.10	0.25 ±0.10

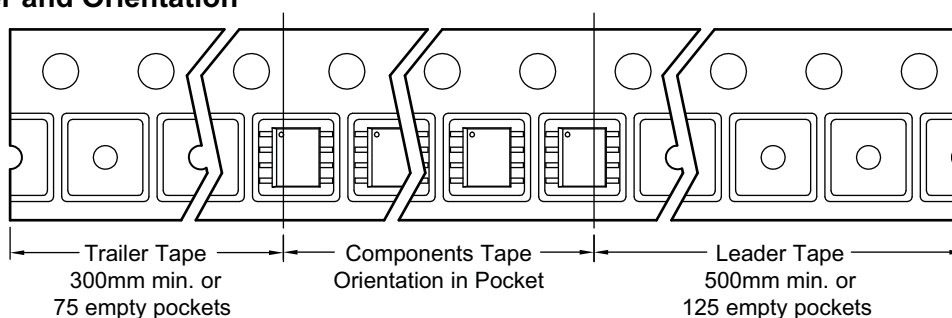
Reel



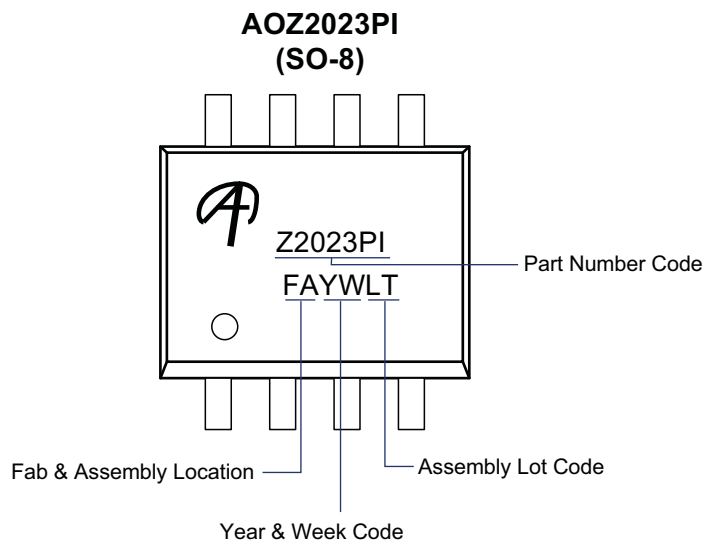
UNIT: mm

Tape Size	Reel Size	M	N	W	W1	H	K	S	G	R	V
12mm	ø330	ø330.00 ±0.50	ø97.00 ±0.10	13.00 ±0.30	17.40 ±1.00	ø13.00 +0.50/-0.20	10.60	2.00 ±0.50	—	—	—

Leader/Trailer and Orientation



Part Marking



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