

**General Description**

The AOTF20N40 & AOTF20N40L is fabricated using an advanced high voltage MOSFET process that is designed to deliver high levels of performance and robustness in popular AC-DC applications. By providing low  $R_{DS(on)}$ ,  $C_{iss}$  and  $C_{rss}$  along with guaranteed avalanche capability this parts can be adopted quickly into new and existing offline power supply designs.

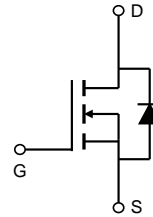
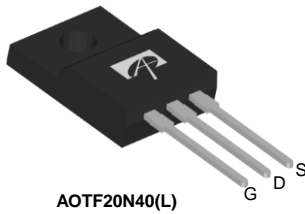
**Product Summary**

$V_{DS}$	500@150°C
$I_D$ (at $V_{GS}=10V$ )	20A
$R_{DS(on)}$ (at $V_{GS}=10V$ )	< 0.25Ω

100% UIS Tested  
 100%  $R_g$  Tested



Top View  
 TO-220F


**Absolute Maximum Ratings  $T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$  unless otherwise noted**

Parameter	Symbol	AOTF20N40	AOTF20N40L	Units	
Drain-Source Voltage	$V_{DS}$	400		V	
Gate-Source Voltage	$V_{GS}$	±30		V	
Continuous Drain Current	$I_D$	$T_C=25^\circ\text{C}$	20*	A	
		$T_C=100^\circ\text{C}$	13*		
Pulsed Drain Current <sup>c</sup>	$I_{DM}$	54		A	
Avalanche Current <sup>c</sup>	$I_{AR}$	6		A	
Repetitive avalanche energy <sup>c</sup>	$E_{AR}$	540		mJ	
Single pulsed avalanche energy <sup>g</sup>	$E_{AS}$	1080		mJ	
Peak diode recovery dv/dt	dv/dt	5		V/ns	
Power Dissipation <sup>b</sup>	$P_D$	$T_C=25^\circ\text{C}$	50	40	W
		Derate above 25°C	0.4	0.3	W/°C
Junction and Storage Temperature Range	$T_J, T_{STG}$	-55 to 150		°C	
Maximum lead temperature for soldering purpose, 1/8" from case for 5 seconds	$T_L$	300		°C	

**Thermal Characteristics**

Parameter	Symbol	AOTF20N40	AOTF20N40L	Units
Maximum Junction-to-Ambient <sup>A,D</sup>	$R_{\theta JA}$	65	65	°C/W
Maximum Junction-to-Case	$R_{\theta JC}$	2.5	3.1	°C/W

\* Drain current limited by maximum junction temperature.

**Electrical Characteristics (T<sub>J</sub>=25°C unless otherwise noted)**

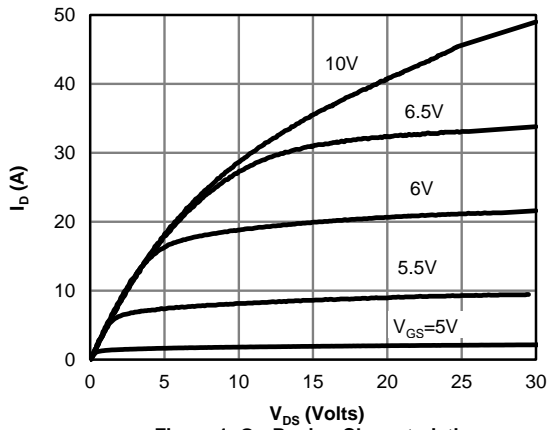
Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units
<b>STATIC PARAMETERS</b>						
BV <sub>DSS</sub>	Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage	I <sub>D</sub> =250μA, V <sub>GS</sub> =0V, T <sub>J</sub> =25°C	400			V
		I <sub>D</sub> =250μA, V <sub>GS</sub> =0V, T <sub>J</sub> =150°C		500		
BV <sub>DSS</sub> /ΔT <sub>J</sub>	Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	I <sub>D</sub> =250μA, V <sub>GS</sub> =0V		0.4		V/°C
I <sub>DSS</sub>	Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	V <sub>DS</sub> =400V, V <sub>GS</sub> =0V			1	μA
		V <sub>DS</sub> =320V, T <sub>J</sub> =125°C			10	
I <sub>GSS</sub>	Gate-Body leakage current	V <sub>DS</sub> =0V, V <sub>GS</sub> =±30V			±100	nA
V <sub>GS(th)</sub>	Gate Threshold Voltage	V <sub>DS</sub> =5V, I <sub>D</sub> =250μA	3.0	3.7	4.3	V
R <sub>DS(ON)</sub>	Static Drain-Source On-Resistance	V <sub>GS</sub> =10V, I <sub>D</sub> =10A		0.2	0.25	Ω
g <sub>FS</sub>	Forward Transconductance	V <sub>DS</sub> =40V, I <sub>D</sub> =10A		20		S
V <sub>SD</sub>	Diode Forward Voltage	I <sub>S</sub> =1A, V <sub>GS</sub> =0V		0.7	1	V
I <sub>S</sub>	Maximum Body-Diode Continuous Current				20	A
I <sub>SM</sub>	Maximum Body-Diode Pulsed Current				54	A
<b>DYNAMIC PARAMETERS</b>						
C <sub>iss</sub>	Input Capacitance	V <sub>GS</sub> =0V, V <sub>DS</sub> =25V, f=1MHz	1510	1898	2290	pF
C <sub>oss</sub>	Output Capacitance		145	212	290	pF
C <sub>rss</sub>	Reverse Transfer Capacitance		9	15	21	pF
R <sub>g</sub>	Gate resistance	V <sub>GS</sub> =0V, V <sub>DS</sub> =0V, f=1MHz	1.5	3	4.5	Ω
<b>SWITCHING PARAMETERS</b>						
Q <sub>g</sub>	Total Gate Charge	V <sub>GS</sub> =10V, V <sub>DS</sub> =320V, I <sub>D</sub> =20A	28	37	45	nC
Q <sub>gs</sub>	Gate Source Charge				12	nC
Q <sub>gd</sub>	Gate Drain Charge				12	nC
t <sub>D(on)</sub>	Turn-On DelayTime	V <sub>GS</sub> =10V, V <sub>DS</sub> =200V, I <sub>D</sub> =20A, R <sub>G</sub> =25Ω			44	ns
t <sub>r</sub>	Turn-On Rise Time				87	ns
t <sub>D(off)</sub>	Turn-Off DelayTime				96	ns
t <sub>f</sub>	Turn-Off Fall Time				59	ns
t <sub>rr</sub>	Body Diode Reverse Recovery Time		I <sub>F</sub> =20A, di/dt=100A/μs, V <sub>DS</sub> =100V	220	285	345
Q <sub>rr</sub>	Body Diode Reverse Recovery Charge	I <sub>F</sub> =20A, di/dt=100A/μs, V <sub>DS</sub> =100V	3	3.9	4.8	μC

- A. The value of R<sub>θJA</sub> is measured with the device in a still air environment with T<sub>A</sub>=25° C.
- B. The power dissipation P<sub>D</sub> is based on T<sub>J(MAX)</sub>=150° C, using junction-to-case thermal resistance, and is more useful in setting the upper dissipation limit for cases where additional heatsinking is used.
- C. Repetitive rating, pulse width limited by junction temperature T<sub>J(MAX)</sub>=150° C, Ratings are based on low frequency and duty cycles to keep initial T<sub>J</sub>=25° C.
- D. The R<sub>θJA</sub> is the sum of the thermal impedance from junction to case R<sub>θJC</sub> and case to ambient.
- E. The static characteristics in Figures 1 to 6 are obtained using <300 μs pulses, duty cycle 0.5% max.
- F. These curves are based on the junction-to-case thermal impedance which is measured with the device mounted to a large heatsink, assuming a maximum junction temperature of T<sub>J(MAX)</sub>=150° C. The SOA curve provides a single pulse rating.
- G. L=60mH, I<sub>AS</sub>=6A, V<sub>DB</sub>=150V, R<sub>G</sub>=25Ω, Starting T<sub>J</sub>=25° C

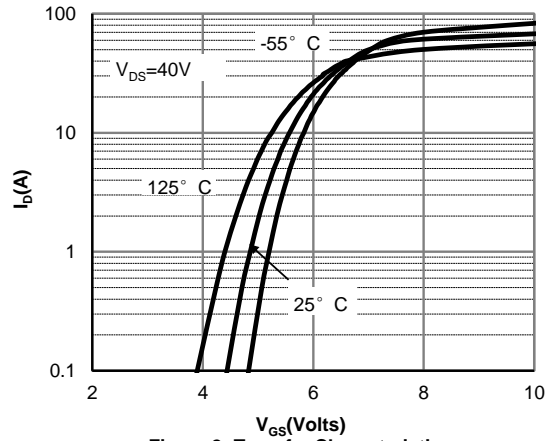
APPLICATIONS OR USES AS CRITICAL COMPONENTS IN LIFE SUPPORT DEVICES OR SYSTEMS ARE NOT AUTHORIZED. AOS DOES NOT ASSUME ANY LIABILITY ARISING OUT OF SUCH APPLICATIONS OR USES OF ITS PRODUCTS. AOS RESERVES THE RIGHT TO MAKE CHANGES TO PRODUCT SPECIFICATIONS WITHOUT NOTICE. IT IS THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE CUSTOMER TO EVALUATE SUITABILITY OF THE PRODUCT FOR THEIR INTENDED APPLICATION. CUSTOMER SHALL COMPLY WITH APPLICABLE LEGAL REQUIREMENTS, INCLUDING ALL APPLICABLE EXPORT CONTROL RULES, REGULATIONS AND LIMITATIONS.

AOS' products are provided subject to AOS' terms and conditions of sale which are set forth at:  
[http://www.aosmd.com/terms\\_and\\_conditions\\_of\\_sale](http://www.aosmd.com/terms_and_conditions_of_sale)

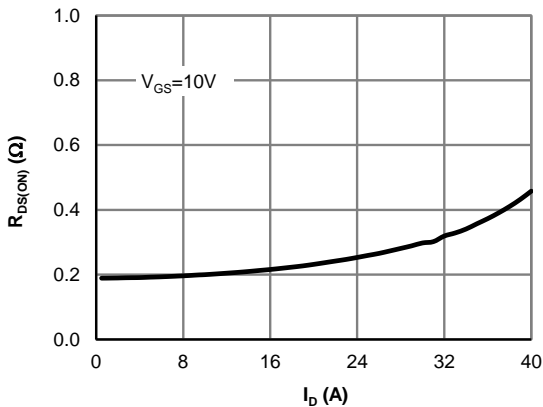
**TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS**



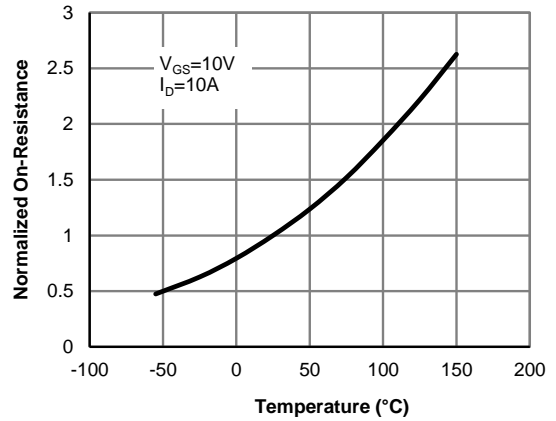
**Figure 1: On-Region Characteristics**



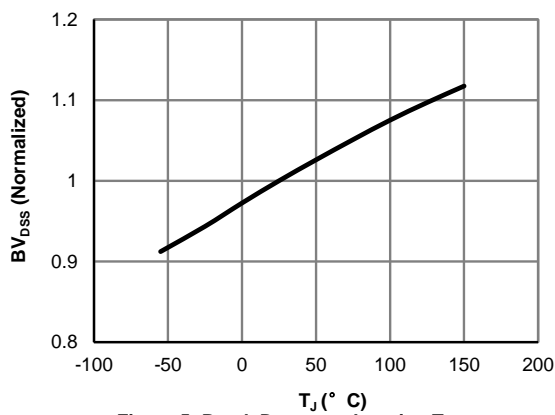
**Figure 2: Transfer Characteristics**



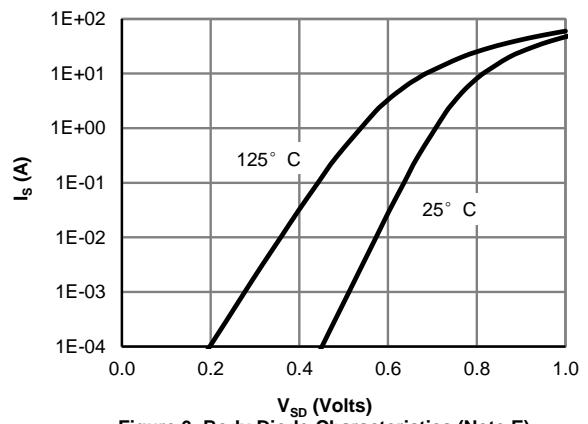
**Figure 3: On-Resistance vs. Drain Current and Gate Voltage**



**Figure 4: On-Resistance vs. Junction Temperature**

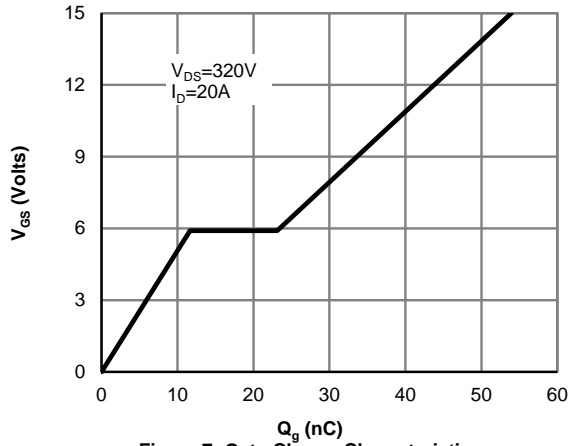


**Figure 5: Break Down vs. Junction Temperature**

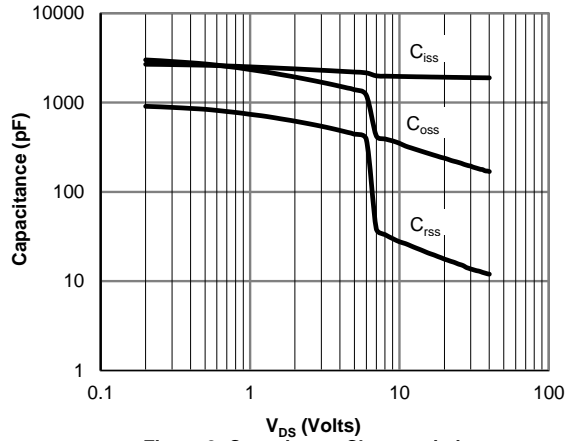


**Figure 6: Body-Diode Characteristics (Note E)**

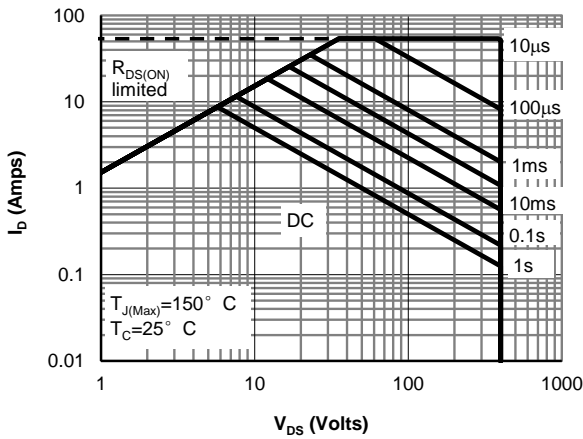
**TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS**



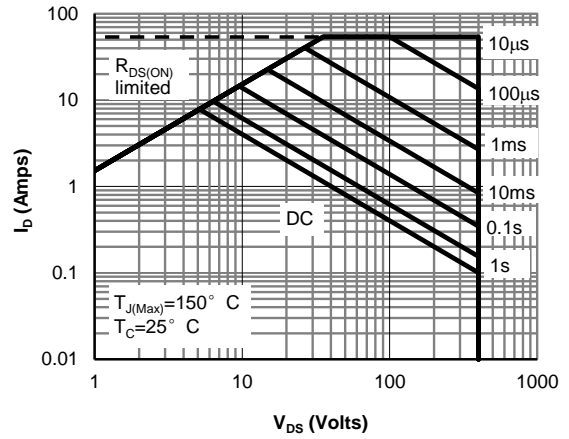
**Figure 7: Gate-Charge Characteristics**



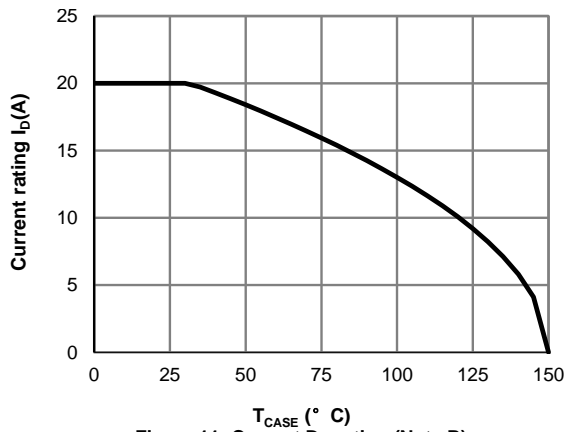
**Figure 8: Capacitance Characteristics**



**Figure 9: Maximum Forward Biased Safe Operating Area for AOTF20N40 (Note F)**

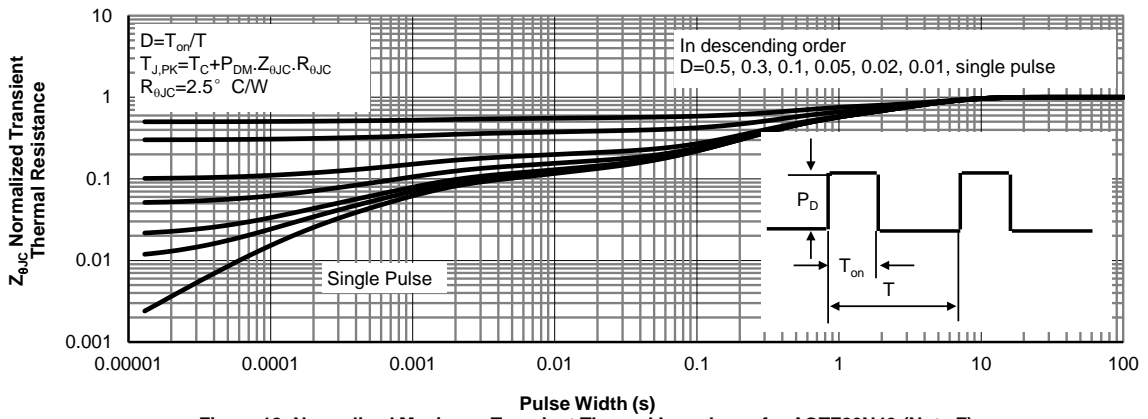


**Figure 10: Maximum Forward Biased Safe Operating Area for AOTF20N40L (Note F)**

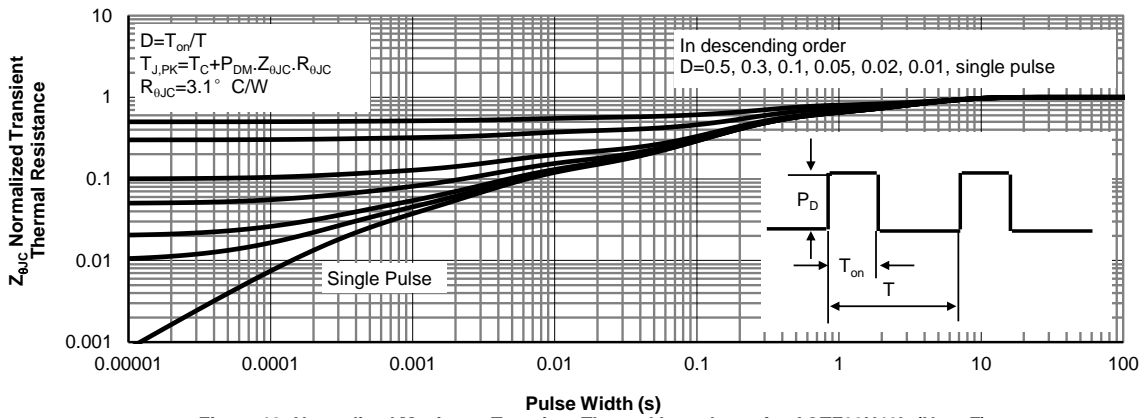


**Figure 11: Current De-rating (Note B)**

**TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS**

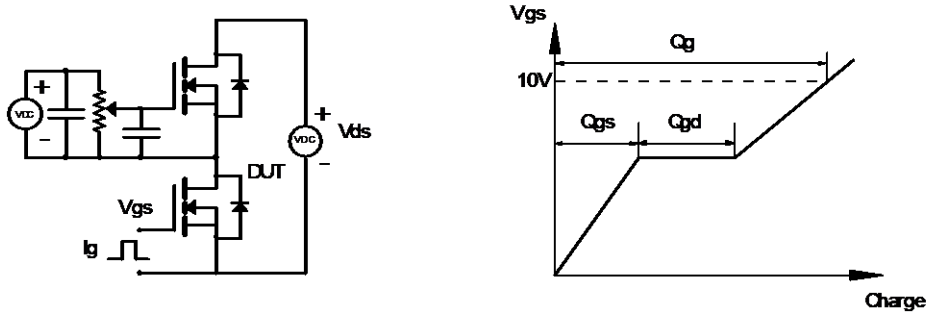


**Figure 12: Normalized Maximum Transient Thermal Impedance for AOTF20N40 (Note F)**

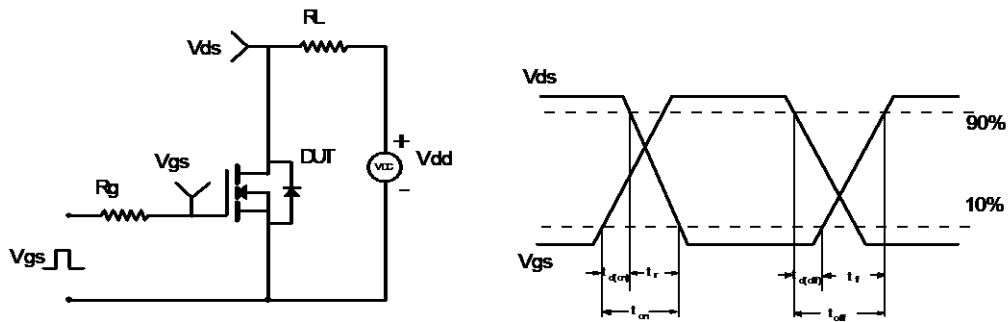


**Figure 13: Normalized Maximum Transient Thermal Impedance for AOTF20N40L (Note F)**

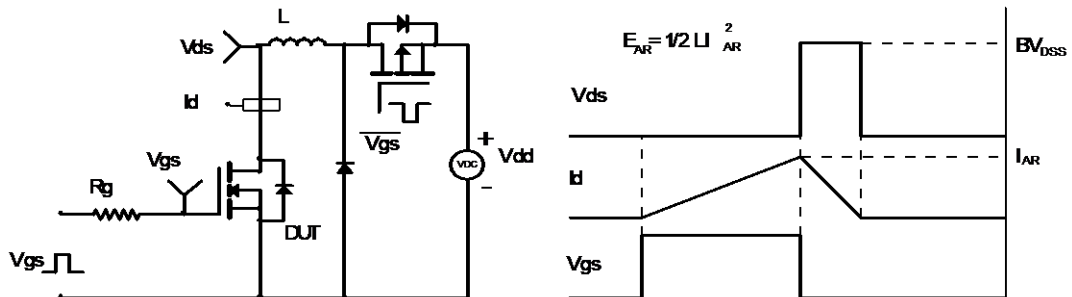
**Gate Charge Test Circuit & Waveform**



**Resistive Switching Test Circuit & Waveforms**



**Unclamped Inductive Switching (UIS) Test Circuit & Waveforms**



**Diode Recovery Test Circuit & Waveforms**

