

## Features

- Proprietary  $\alpha$ SiC MOSFET technology
- Low loss, with low  $R_{DS(ON)}$
- Fast switching with low  $R_G$  and low capacitance
- Optimized gate drive voltage ( $V_{GS} = 15V$ )
- Low reverse recovery diode ( $Q_{rr}$ )

## Applications

### Renewable

- EV Charger
- Solar Inverters

### Industrial

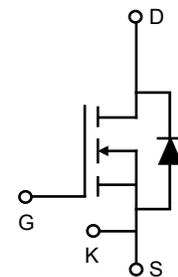
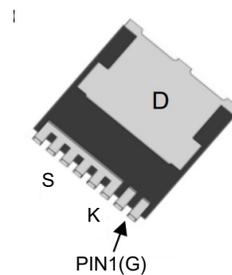
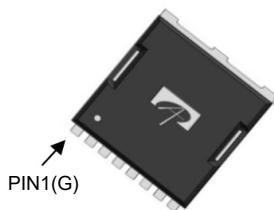
- UPS
- SMPS
- Motor Drives

## Product Summary

$V_{DS} @ T_{J, max}$	650V
$I_{DM}$	70A
$R_{DS(ON), typ}$	40m $\Omega$
$Q_{rr}$	56nC
$E_{OSS} @ 400V$	13.4 $\mu$ J
100 % UIS Tested	



## Pin Configuration



Ordering Part Number	Package Type	Form	Shipping Quantity
AOTL040V65X2	TOLL	Tape & Reel	2000/Reel

## Absolute Maximum Ratings

( $T_A = 25^\circ C$ , unless otherwise noted)

Symbol	Parameter	AOTL040V65X2	Units
$V_{DS}$	Drain-Source Voltage	650	V
$V_{GS, MAX}$	Gate-Source Voltage	Maximum	-8/+18
$V_{GS, OP, TRANS}$		Max Transient <sup>(A)</sup>	-8/+20
$V_{GS, OP}$		Recommended Operating <sup>(B)</sup>	-5/+15
$I_D$	Continuous Drain Current	$T_C = 25^\circ C$	37
		$T_C = 100^\circ C$	26
$I_{DM}$	Pulsed Drain Current <sup>(C)</sup>	70	A
$E_{AS}$	Single Pulsed Avalanche Energy <sup>(D)</sup>	490	mJ
$P_D$	Power Dissipation <sup>(C)</sup>	$T_C = 25^\circ C$	113
$T_J, T_{STG}$	Junction and Storage Temperature Range		-55 to 175
$T_L$	Maximum lead temperature for soldering purpose, 1/8" from case for 5 seconds		260

## Thermal Characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Typ	Max	Units
R <sub>θJA</sub>	Maximum Junction-to-Ambient <sup>(E,F)</sup>		40	°C/W
R <sub>θJC</sub>	Maximum Junction-to-Case <sup>(G)</sup>	1.10	1.32	°C/W

## Electrical Characteristics

(T<sub>A</sub> = 25°C, unless otherwise noted)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units
<b>STATIC</b>						
BV <sub>DSS</sub>	Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage	I <sub>D</sub> = 250μA, V <sub>GS</sub> = 0V, T <sub>J</sub> = 25°C	650			V
		I <sub>D</sub> = 250μA, V <sub>GS</sub> = 0V, T <sub>J</sub> = 150°C	650			V
I <sub>DSS</sub>	Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	V <sub>DS</sub> = 650V, V <sub>GS</sub> = 0V			100	μA
I <sub>GSS</sub>	Gate-Body Leakage Current	V <sub>DS</sub> = 0V, V <sub>GS</sub> = +15/-5V			250	nA
V <sub>GS(th)</sub>	Gate Threshold Voltage	V <sub>DS</sub> = V <sub>GS</sub> , I <sub>D</sub> = 9mA	1.8	2.5	3.5	V
R <sub>DS(on)</sub>	Static Drain-Source On-Resistance	V <sub>GS</sub> = 15V, I <sub>D</sub> = 9A	T <sub>J</sub> = 25°C	40	54	mΩ
			T <sub>J</sub> = 175°C	61		
		V <sub>GS</sub> = 18V, I <sub>D</sub> = 9A	T <sub>J</sub> = 25°C	33	45	
			T <sub>J</sub> = 175°C	62		
g <sub>FS</sub>	Forward Transconductance	V <sub>DS</sub> = 20V, I <sub>D</sub> = 9A		8		S
V <sub>SD</sub>	Diode Forward Voltage	I <sub>S</sub> = 9A, V <sub>GS</sub> = -5V		4	5	V
<b>DYNAMIC</b>						
C <sub>iss</sub>	Input Capacitance	V <sub>GS</sub> = 0V, V <sub>DS</sub> = 400V, f = 100kHz		1713		pF
C <sub>oss</sub>	Output Capacitance			143		pF
C <sub>rss</sub>	Reverse Transfer Capacitance			8		pF
E <sub>oss</sub>	C <sub>oss</sub> Stored Energy			13.4		μJ
R <sub>G</sub>	Gate Resistance	f = 1MHz		1.4		Ω
<b>SWITCHING</b>						
Q <sub>g</sub>	Total Gate Charge	V <sub>GS</sub> = -5/+15V, V <sub>DS</sub> = 520V, I <sub>D</sub> = 9A		61		nC
Q <sub>gs</sub>	Gate Source Charge			20		nC
Q <sub>gd</sub>	Gate Drain Charge			16		nC
t <sub>D(on)</sub>	Turn-On Delay Time	V <sub>GS</sub> = -5V/+15V, V <sub>DS</sub> = 400V, I <sub>D</sub> = 30A, R <sub>G,ON</sub> = 2Ω, R <sub>G,OFF</sub> = 0Ω		8.5		ns
t <sub>r</sub>	Turn-On Rise Time			8		ns
t <sub>D(off)</sub>	Turn-Off Delay Time			13		ns
t <sub>f</sub>	Turn-Off Fall Time			4		ns
E <sub>on</sub>	Turn-On Energy	L = 60μH		87		μJ
E <sub>off</sub>	Turn-Off Energy	FWD: AOTL040V65X2		5		μJ
E <sub>tot</sub>	Total Switching Energy			92		μJ
t <sub>rr</sub>	Body Diode Reverse Recovery Time	I <sub>F</sub> = 30A, dI/dt = 1500A/μs, V <sub>DS</sub> = 400V		13		ns
I <sub>rm</sub>	Peak Reverse Recovery Current			9		A
Q <sub>rr</sub>	Body Diode Reverse Recovery Charge			56		nC

### Notes:

- t<sub>ON</sub> < 1% \*(Duty Cycle)/(Frequency), t < 25 hrs over lifetime
- Device can be operated at V<sub>GS</sub> = 0/15V. Actual operating V<sub>GS</sub> will depend on application specifics such as parasitic inductance and dV/dt but should not exceed maximum ratings.
- The power dissipation P<sub>D</sub> is based on T<sub>J(MAX)</sub> = 175°C, using junction-to-case thermal resistance, and is more useful in setting the upper dissipation limit for cases where additional heatsinking is used.
- L = 5mH, I<sub>AS</sub> = 14A, R<sub>G</sub> = 10Ω, Starting T<sub>J</sub> = 25°C.
- The value of R<sub>θJA</sub> is measured with the device in a still air environment

- with T<sub>A</sub> = 25°C.
- The R<sub>θJA</sub> is the sum of the thermal impedance from junction to case R<sub>θJC</sub> and case to ambient.
- The value of R<sub>θJC</sub> is measured with the device mounted to a large heatsink, assuming a maximum junction temperature of T<sub>J(MAX)</sub> = 175°C.
- The static characteristics in Figures 1 to 8 are obtained using < 300μs pulses, duty cycle 0.5% max.
- These curves are based on R<sub>θJC</sub> which is measured with the device mounted to a large heatsink, assuming a maximum junction temperature of T<sub>J(MAX)</sub> = 175°C. The SOA curve provides a single pulse rating.

## Typical Electrical and Thermal Characteristics

$T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ , unless otherwise specified.

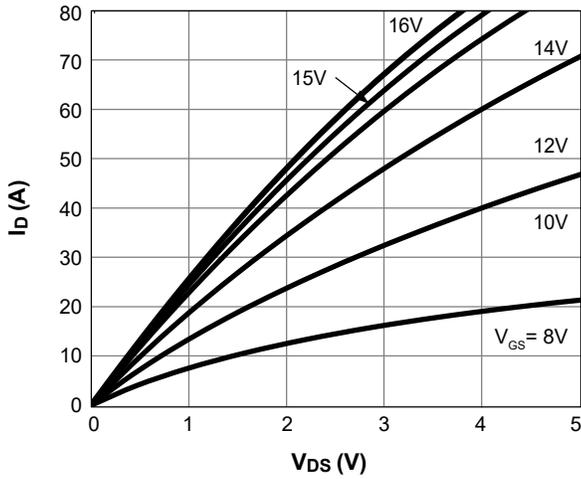


Figure 1. On-region Characteristics  $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$

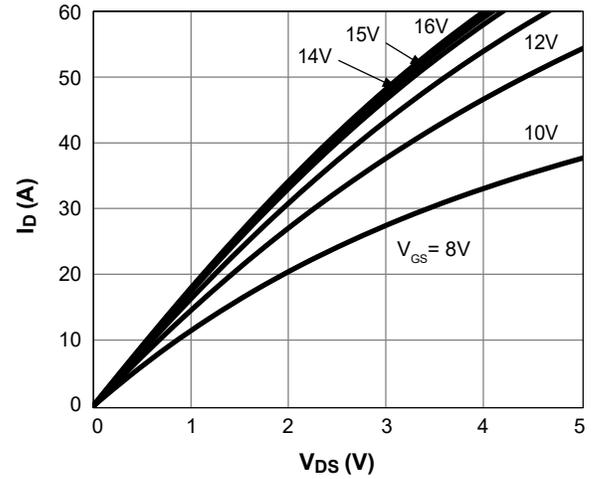


Figure 2. On-region Characteristics  $T_J = 175^\circ\text{C}$

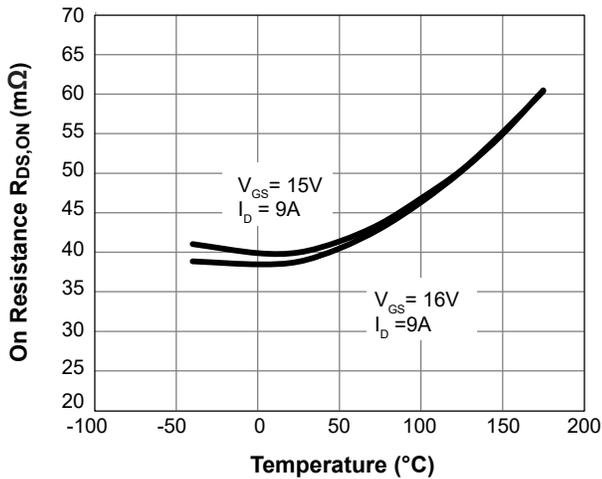


Figure 3. On-resistance vs. Junction Temperature

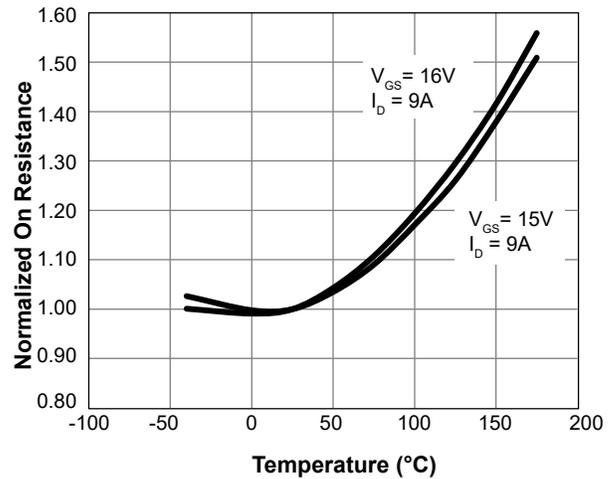


Figure 4. Normalized On-resistance vs. Junction Temperature

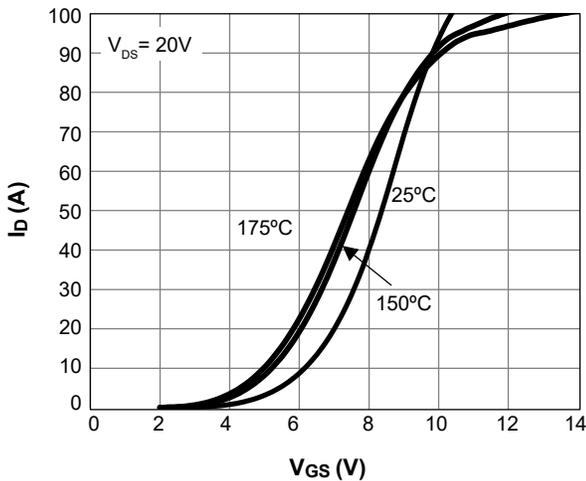


Figure 5. Transfer Characteristics

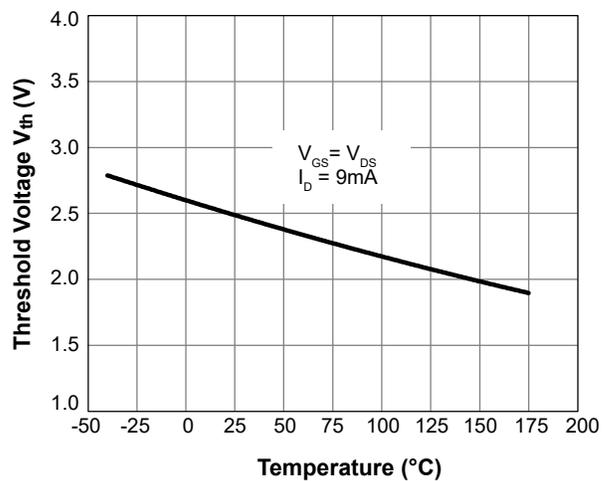


Figure 6. Threshold Voltage vs. Junction Temperature

## Typical Electrical and Thermal Characteristics

$T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ , unless otherwise specified.

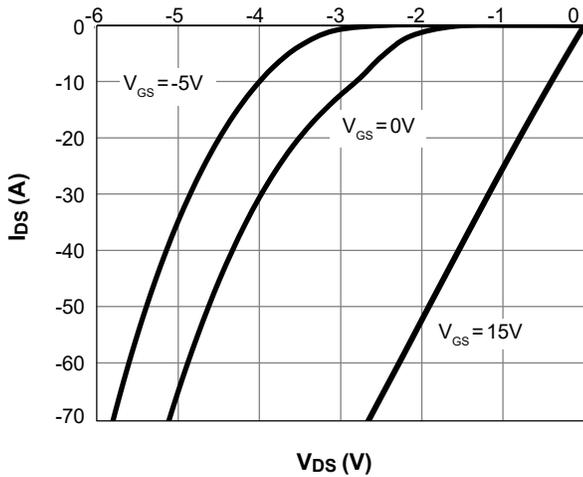


Figure 7. Body-diode Characteristics  $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$

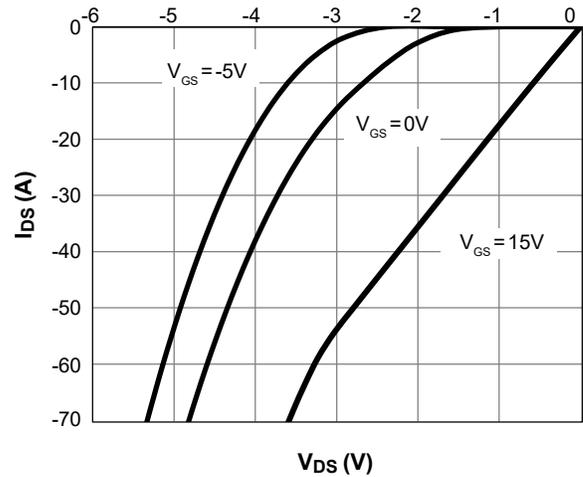


Figure 8. Body-diode Characteristics  $T_J = 175^\circ\text{C}$

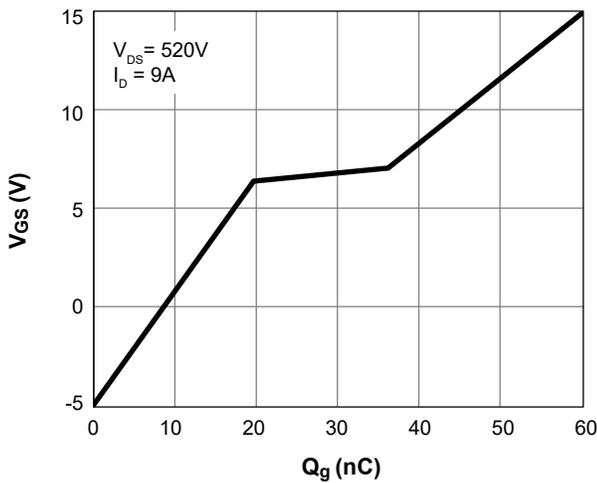


Figure 9. Gate-charge Characteristics

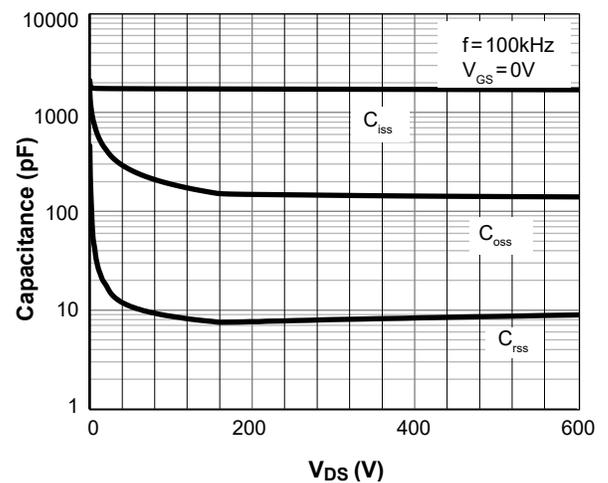


Figure 10. Capacitance Characteristics

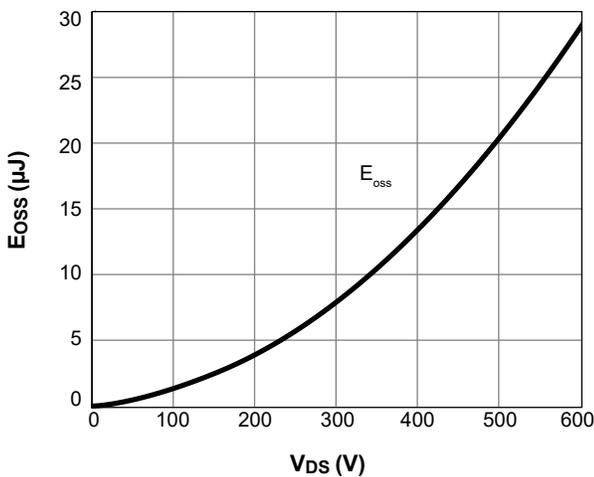


Figure 11.  $C_{oss}$  Stored Energy

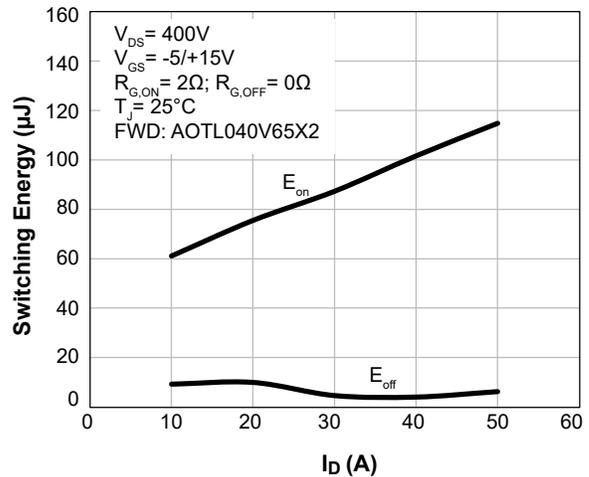


Figure 12. Switching Energy vs. Drain Current

Typical Electrical and Thermal Characteristics (Continued)

T<sub>A</sub> = 25°C, unless otherwise specified.

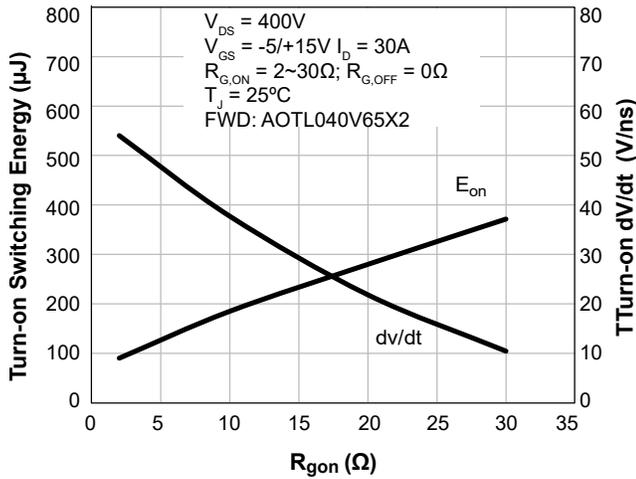


Figure 13. Turn-On Energy and dv/dt vs. External Gate Resistance

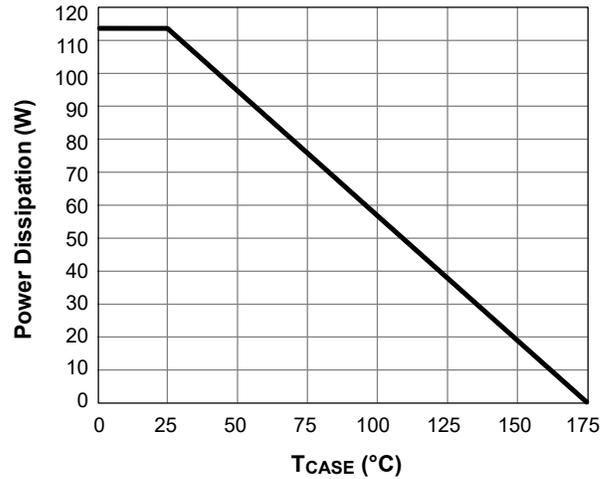


Figure 14. Power De-rating (Note I)

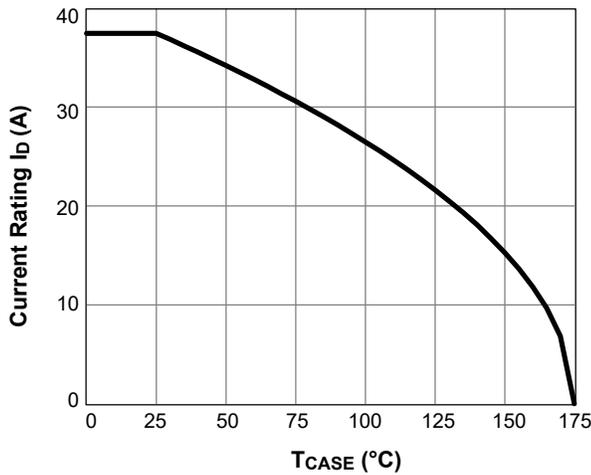


Figure 15. Current De-rating (Note I)

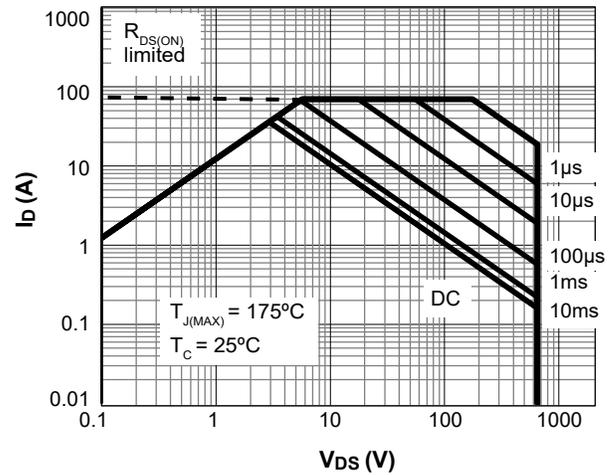


Figure 16. Maximum Forward Biased Safe Operating Area for AOTL040V65X2 (Note I)

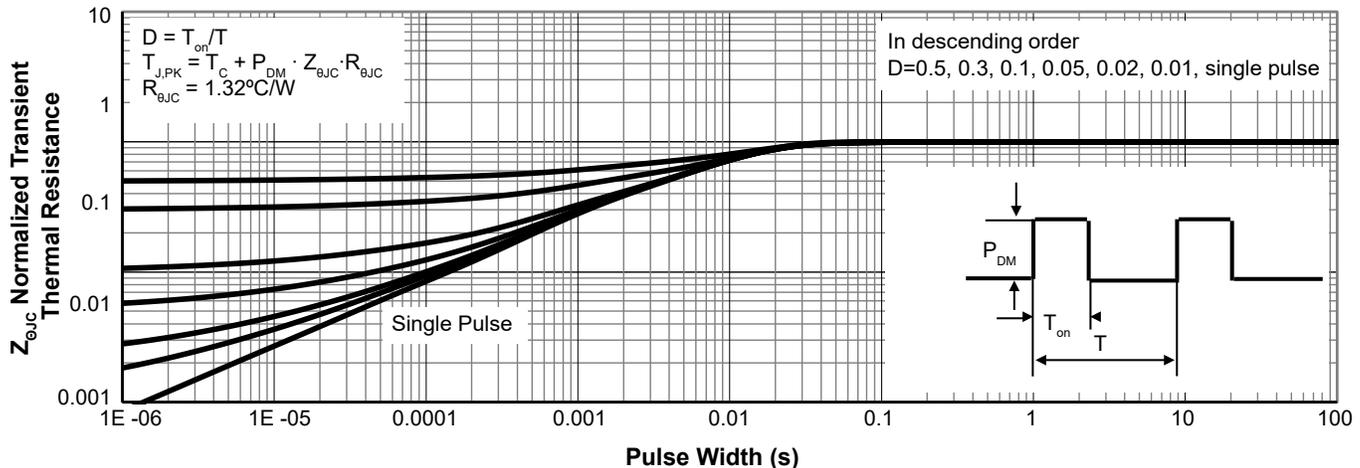


Figure 17. Normalized Maximum Transient Thermal Impedance for AOTL040V65X2 (Note I)

Test Circuits and Waveforms

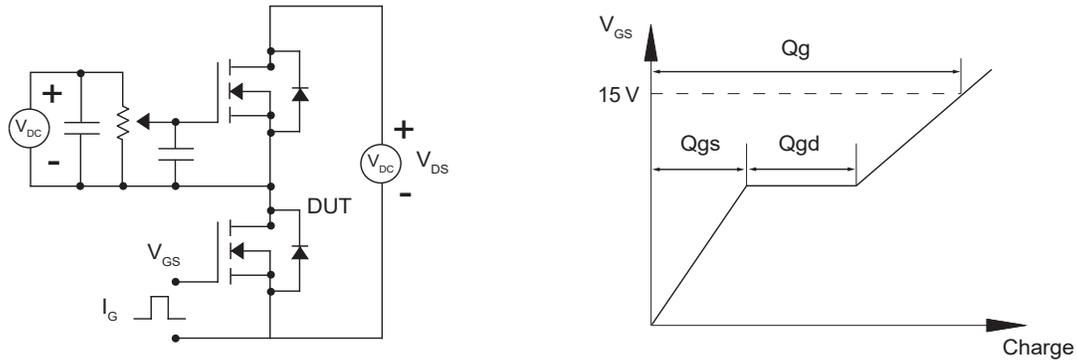


Figure 18. Gate Charge Test Circuits and Waveforms

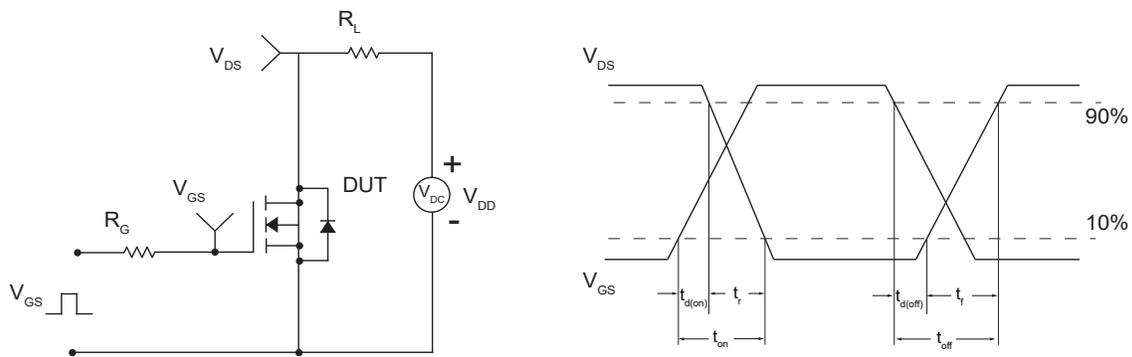


Figure 19. Resistive Switching Test Circuit and Waveforms

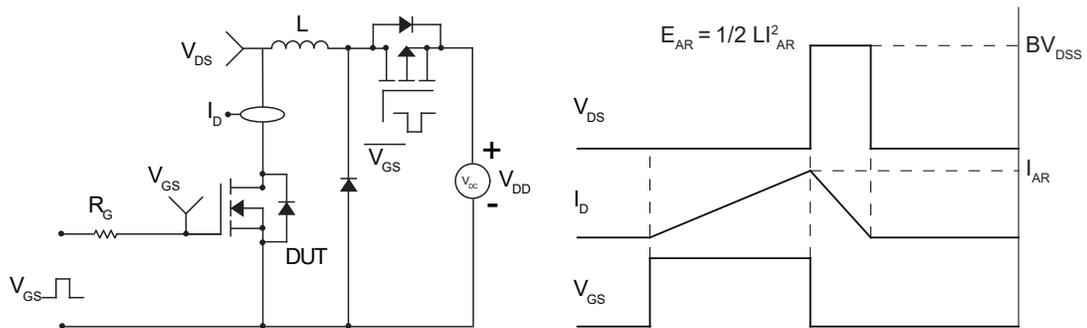


Figure 20. Unclamped Inductive Switching (UIS) Test Circuit and Waveforms

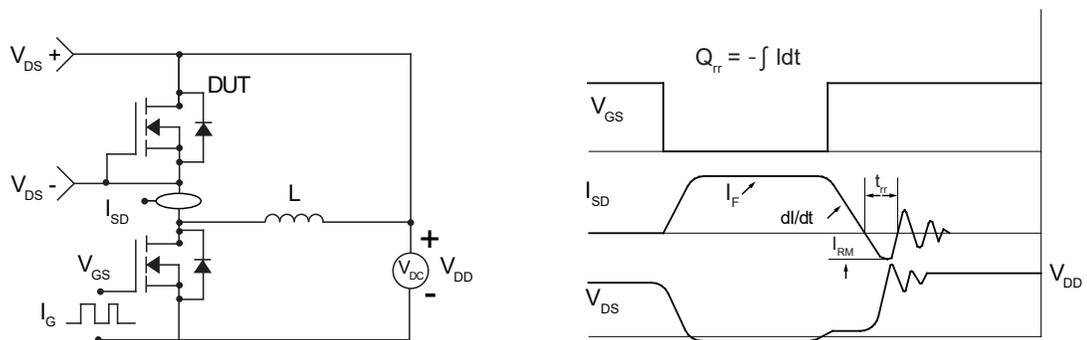
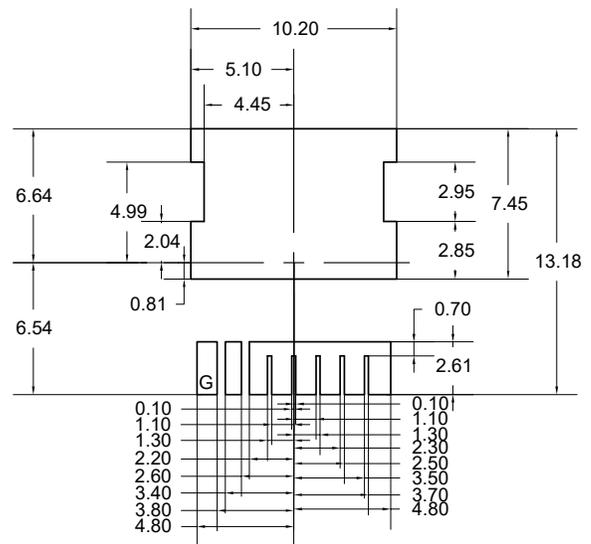
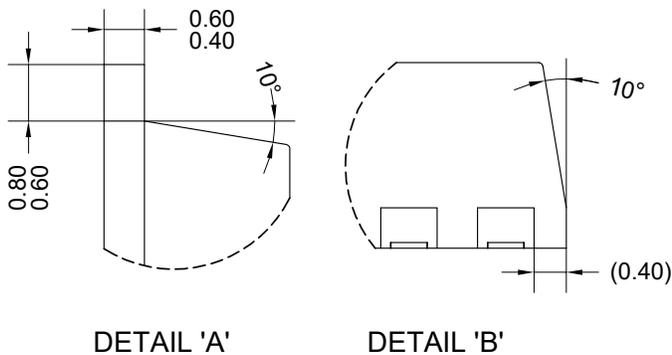
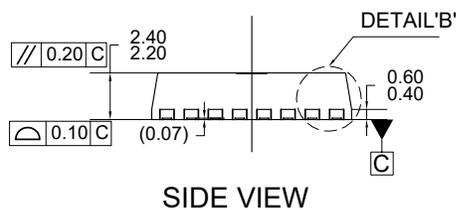
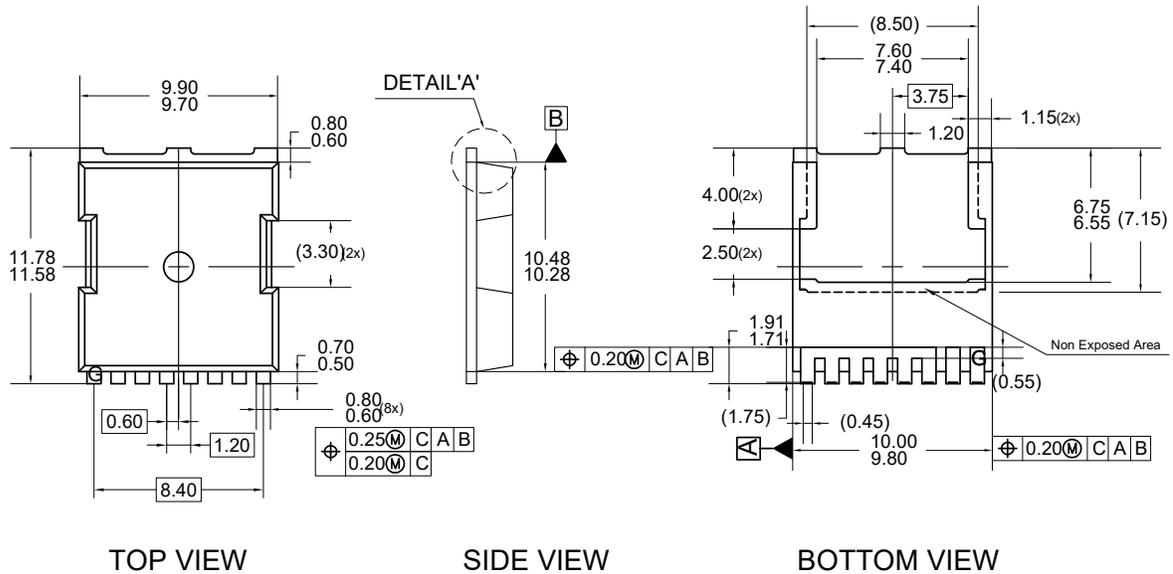


Figure 21. Diode Recovery Test Circuits and Waveforms

Package Dimensions, TOLL

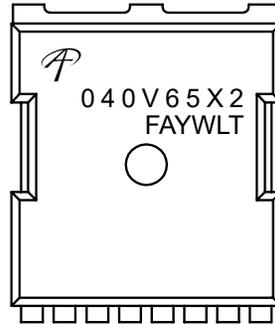


UNIT: mm

NOTE:

- A) PACKAGE BODY SIZES EXCLUDE MOLD FLASH AND GATE BURRS. MOLD FLASH SHOULD BE LESS THAN 6 MIL.
- B) TOLERANCE 0.100 MILLIMETERS UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED.
- C) CONTROLLING DIMENSION IS MILLIMETER. CONVERTED INCH DIMENSIONS ARE NOT NECESSARILY EXACT.
- D) ( ) IS REFERENCE.
- E) THIS PACKAGE WAS QUALIFIED USING IR REFLOW PROCESS (JEDEC STANDARD). FOR USAGE IN OTHER SOLDERING PROCESSES, PLEASE CONTACT LOCAL AOS REPRESENTATIVES.

## Part Marking



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